

# RATE SOLUTION IS PUBLICITY

Railroads Would Gladly Accept The Main Provisions Of The Hepburn Bill.

## ENTIRE MEASURE IS IN DANGER

Insistence On Full Power To Make Rates On Behalf Of Interstate Commerce Commission Is The Snag.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, Jan. 29.—Two distinct objects are sought to be attained by the Hepburn rate bill that has been unanimously adopted by the interstate commerce committee of the house of representatives. They are:

1. To give the interstate commerce commission the power to substitute rates for those fixed by the railroads whenever, in the opinion of the commission, these are found upon investigation to be unjust and unreasonable.
2. To strengthen and enlarge the scope of the commission's powers in dealing with rebates, by bringing every transaction of the railroads under such scrutiny that the possibility of illegal secret practices is reduced to a minimum.

The first object sought has been heralded as the panacea for all the ills of the transportation world by the advocates of rate legislation, and the railroads have aided in attracting public attention to only this phase of the proposed law by their bitter opposition to its adoption.

**Roads Welcome Protection.**

On the other hand, the powerful weapon of publicity that the Hepburn bill aims to place in the hands of the commission for the elimination of rebates and illegal discriminations between shippers has been lost sight of almost entirely. The railroads have been perhaps the worst sufferers from the rebate evils, and most of them are just as anxious as the shippers that the commission shall have this power.

They want secret preferences abolished and in the proposed law undoubtedly they will be afforded ample protection from the big shipper, who in the past has been powerful enough to enforce his demands for such preferential treatment, even though it is against the law.

Hence, they have made no fight on this part of the administration's rate policy, although the Hepburn bill, if only this part of it becomes a law, will give the commission unlimited power to turn the railroad offices upside down in search of evidence of violations of the interstate commerce law.

**Would Solve Question.**

What many of the most astute advocates of interstate commerce reform fear is that in the fight over the first proposition, that of fixing the rates, the second proposition, which in their minds is of equal if not greater importance, may be lost. They contend that if absolute fairness between shippers great and small, can be obtained, the question of what the rate shall be will solve itself. Or as one government official, directly interested in the proposed legislation put it:

"If the commission has the power to get for the small independent dealer the same treatment and the same rate on iron or oil as the United States Steel corporation or the Standard Oil company enjoys, you can depend upon it the rate will be as low as the railroads can make it and still earn dividends."

The House will pass the Hepburn bill practically unanimously, it is now expected. With the Senate it will be another matter. The House will not go into such a position as weighing the constitutionality of the proposition to delegate to a commission the power to fix freight rates. Its members accept that proposition. In the Senate this and other issues will be raised, and if neither side shows a disposition to yield, the entire bill, unlimited publicity and all, may be talked to death.

**PEASANTS ATTACK A PARTY OF NOBILITY**

Become Very Bold in the Courtland Province—Prominent Men Are Victims.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Tekum, Courland, Jan. 29.—Count Frederic Lamstorff and Baron Poenne, two of the most prominent owners in this district, were attacked yesterday while out driving by a band of revolutionists and were murdered. Lamstorff is not the foreign minister.

**ITALIAN TRAGEDienne, IS EIGHTY-FIVE YEARS OLD**

Celebrated Birthday Today—Still in Good Health But Rheumatism Confining Her.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Rome, Jan. 29.—Adelaide Ristori, the Sifidons of Italy, who rivaled Rachel, and even in Paris was acknowledged her equal, entered upon her eighty-fifth year today. The once famous tragedienne still enjoys good health. Rheumatism makes it difficult for her to walk much, but she sits erect in her chair. Her hair under the little lace cap is abundant, and only partly gray, and there is a pretty color in her cheeks. Her eyes are still bright and her deep voice is rich and musical. She is always glad to receive visitors from America and is fond of recalling recollections of her tour on the other side of the Atlantic. Today she received many congratulatory messages from monarchs and other distinguished personages of various countries.

**SPARKS FROM THE WIRES**

The nail tail of the Southern Steel company at Birmingham, Ala., was burned last night, causing a loss of \$90,000.

Seven buildings connected with the United States naval training station at Newport, R. I., were destroyed by fire last night, causing an estimated loss of \$100,000.

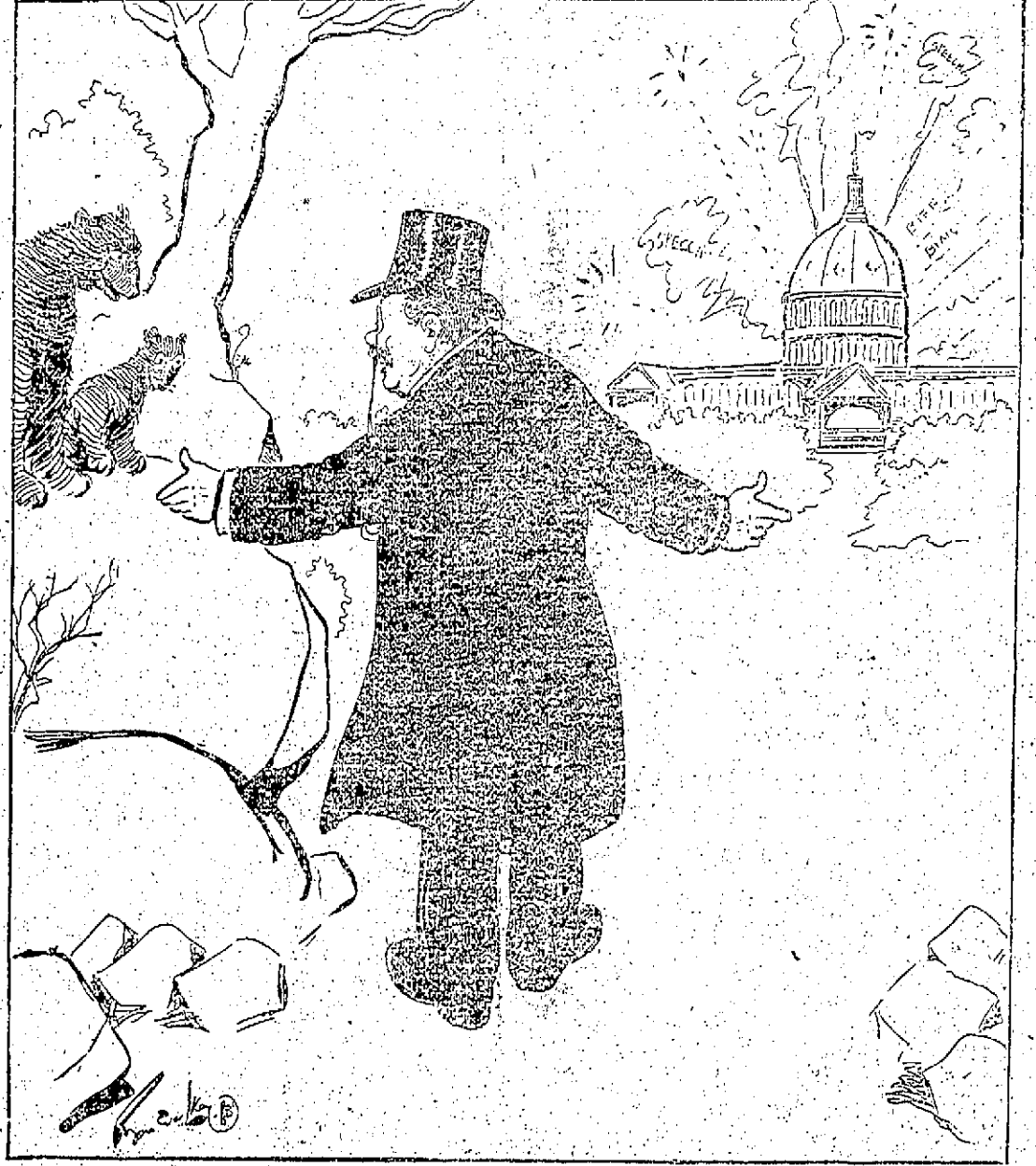
The house of Paul Mosczynski at Worcester, Mass., was destroyed by a dynamite bomb yesterday morning. The twenty sleeping occupants of the building were not injured.

The Kansas City Limited on the Frisco road went through a trestle creek yesterday morning near Horse Creek, Ala. No lives were lost and no passengers seriously hurt.

**Canadians to Mexico.**

Montreal, Que., Jan. 29.—A large excursion party of business men left this city today over the Grand Trunk Railway for Mexico. The purpose is to give the business men an opportunity to get better acquainted with the financial and industrial conditions in the southern republic, where a large amount of Canadian capital is now being invested.

**Wants ads are money-savers.**



The President (to the wild game): "Hunting you, brothers, is like a summer dream when compared to keeping the present session of congress in a happy mood."

## LITHOGRAPHERS ARE AFTER EIGHT HOURS

Will Ask for Shorter Day and No Reduction of Wages—May Strike First of May.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 29.—A demand for an eight-hour work day will be made by the International Lithographers' Benevolent Association, embracing the United States and Canada, which began its annual convention in Buffalo today. The men in the lithographing trade are now working fifty-three hours a week. They will ask for a reduction of five hours a week, without reduction of wages. Should a strike be called, it will not take place probably until May 1, as agreements between employers and employees in certain sections do not expire until the middle of April.

## PROPOSE A KANSAS SEMI-CENTENNIAL

Movement for Exposition To Be Held in 1911 Launched at Topeka Today.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Topeka, Kas., Jan. 29.—The movement to hold a world's exposition in Topeka in celebration of the semi-centennial of the State of Kansas was fairly launched today. A rousing endorsement of the project was given at a convention of leading business and professional men of the entire state held at the capitol this morning. Committees were appointed and other preliminary steps taken. The exhibition is to be held in 1911, which will mark the fiftieth anniversary of the admission of Kansas to the Union.

**Kansas Day Banquet.**

The Kansas Day club, the leading republican organization of the Sunflower State, has completed elaborate arrangements for its annual banquet to be given at the state house to night. Among the state leaders to be heard are George E. Tucker of Eureka, Carr W. Taylor of Topeka, W. F. Archer of Holton, E. C. Arnold of Iola, William E. Brodette of Winfield, Thomas E. Wagstaff of Independence, James B. Wood of Concordia, and Homer Davies of Phillipsburg.

**Mark Santa Fe Trail.**

Today, the anniversary of the admission of Kansas to the Union, collections were taken in public schools throughout the state with which to build monuments to mark the course of the historic Santa Fe wagon trail across the state. The movement was inaugurated by the Daughters of the Revolution.

**Kansas Society Dines.**

New York, Jan. 29.—Every Kansasan within fifty miles of New York is expected to show his face at the Hotel Astor tonight. The occasion will be the first annual meeting of the Kansas Society of New York, the latest organization of its kind to enroll its name in the club list of the metropolis. The meeting will be followed by a banquet in celebration of "Kansas Day."

## PLAN FOR RELIEF OF RUSSIAN JEWS

International Hebraic Congress at Brussels Discusses Condition in Czar's Domain.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Brussels, Jan. 29.—The situation of the Jews in Russia will be considered in all its phases at the international congress which opened in this city today under the auspices of the Zionist organization. In the opening addresses the speakers expressed disappointment that the recent changes in the political situation in Russia, from which the world confidently anticipated an improvement in the condition of the Jews, has up to the present only brought on them increased sufferings. The urgency of providing immediate relief was set forth and committees were appointed to the devise ways and means.

## FATHER OF KINGS DIES IN DENMARK AT ADVANCED AGE

King Christian of Denmark Passes Away—Father of England's Queen.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Copenhagen, Jan. 29.—The King of Denmark died at three-thirty this afternoon. Christian IV, King of Denmark, was born April 26, 1588, and by birth was Duke of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Glücksburg and succeeded to the throne of Denmark by virtue of the treaty and law of the Danish succession on the death of his kinsman, Frederick the Seventh, in 1863. He was married to the Princess Louise of Hesse-Cassel, who died in 1898. Prince Royal Frederick, the heir to the throne, was born in 1843 and is married to the Princess Louise of Sweden. Christian's oldest daughter is Queen Alexandra of England, his third child King of Greece. Another daughter is Dowager Empress of Russia. "The Duchess of Cumberland is also a daughter and Prince Waldemar, the sixth child, has refused the crown of Bulgaria. A grandson, Prince Charles, husband of Princess Maud of England, has recently been chosen King of Norway. There never has been a sovereign in Europe whose children have held so many thrones. In character, King Christian was a model and he was dearly loved by his people."

## WHEELER'S FUNERAL IS VERY IMPRESSIVE

Veteran of the Blue and Gray Laid at Rest in the Arlington Cemetery.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Jan. 29.—With full military honors the body of General Joseph Wheeler was laid at rest today in the national cemetery at Arlington. Homage was paid by the veterans of two conflicts in which Wheeler had distinguished himself as a gallant soldier and a dashing cavalry leader. Personal friends and representatives of the two branches of congress besides many citizens were present.

## PRESIDENT OF UNION SENTENCED TO JAIL

Head of the Typographical Union Fined a Hundred Dollars and Given a Sentence.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Chicago, Jan. 29.—President Edwin E. Wright of Typographical Union No. 14 was today fined by Judge Holden one hundred dollars and sentenced to thirty days in jail for contempt of court. Edward Bessette, a member of the union, was fined thirty dollars and sentenced to thirty days in jail. The union itself was fined a thousand dollars. The charge against the union and its members was a violation of the injunction granted some weeks ago enjoining the members of the union from interfering with the operation of printing establishments operated by members of the Chicago Typographical Union.

## SERIOUS WRECK ON THE BIG FOUR ROAD

Two Versions of the Number of Dead—Several Passengers Badly Injured.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 29.—In a head-on collision during a dense fog, between two passenger trains on the Big Four railroad near Nabbs, Ind., this morning, three railroad employees were severely injured and several passengers shocked.

**Later Report**

It is reported here that two passenger trains on the Big Four met in a collision near Nabbs, Ind., this morning, and both engineers and several passengers were injured.

**Mrs. Frank W. Shattuck.**

the wife of the pastor of the Advent Christian church of Whitman, Mass., was burned to death last night in the parlor by the overturning of a lamp.

## WOULD HAVE KILLED THE COURT OFFICIAL

Copenhagen the Scene of an Attempted Murder This Morning—Assailant Captured.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Copenhagen, Jan. 29.—An attempt to shoot M. Alberti, the minister of justice, today was frustrated by the bravery of the minister, who grappled with his assailant and wrested his revolver from him before it could be discharged. The minister's assailant was promptly arrested. He was formerly an insurance agent and his name is Boye. He had been sentenced to a term of imprisonment for burglary in spite of his protests that he was innocent.

## INSPECTORS OF PLUMBING ORGANIZE IN WASHINGTON

International Association is Result of Conference—Uniform Practice is Object.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—An international association of chief inspectors of plumbing is to result from a conference which began in Washington today. The purposes of the proposed organization will be to advance plumbing construction and to bring about a more uniform practice in the requirements of plumbing regulations. It is planned to include cities throughout the United States, Canada and Cuba in the membership of the association.

# SIX DISAPPEAR FROM KAUKAUNA

People Of The Wisconsin Town Vanish In A Most Mysterious Manner Recently.

## MURDER MAY SOLVE ONE MYSTERY

Others Go Away And Are Never Heard From Although The Police Search For Them Everywhere In Vain.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Kaukauna, Wis., Jan. 29.—Within the last five months six people disappeared from Kaukauna and the mysteries surrounding them have not been cleared in any case. The disappearances are those of Michael M. McCarthy, who was last seen on the night of Sept. 13, 1905; Bernard Senso, who disappeared on the morning of Oct. 4, 1905; Miss Elsie Dumrow, who vanished at the same time as Senso; Charles Borg has not been heard of since Nov. 25, 1905; Herman Senso left on Friday, Jan. 13, and Martin Verhagen, who disappeared on the night of Jan. 13.

The first and most mysterious disappearance was that of Michael McCarthy, a wealthy bachelor farmer. Since the night of Sept. 13, 1905, nothing has been heard of him, and his disappearance is the most mysterious case which the officers of Kaukauna and vicinity have yet been called upon to solve.

That he was murdered by Wenzel E. Kabat and his hopes, burned on the McCarthy farm is charged by a majority of people. The officers of Kaukauna and attorneys have worked incessantly on the case, and to their efforts are due the arrest of Wenzel Kabat. Perhaps the McCarthy mystery will be solved when Kabat is brought to trial in March.

**Two More Vanish.**

While the police were busy in the McCarthy case they were confronted with another mystery. The disappearance of Bernard Senso and Miss Elsie Dumrow probably never will be cleared. When Senso and the girl disappeared it was thought that he would apply for a position at a paper mill in Maine or Canada, but a thorough investigation proved this untrue.

The third of these mysterious disappearances is that of Charles Borg, a Swede, who was last seen on Nov. 25, 1905, and may now be lying in the canal at Kaukauna. Borg was an employee of the Northwestern railroad. He drank much, it is said, and on account of his intemperance he was discharged from the service. This made him despondent and a fellow workman says that he told him that he had nothing to live for and that he thought the best thing he could do was to jump in the canal. He left all his belongings at his boarding place.

**Gives Money to Mother.**

The fourth mystery is the disappearance of Herman Senso, a brother to Bernard Senso. Senso returned Friday, Jan. 12, from Forest Junction, where he was employed with Joseph Faust in the digging of wells. He then applied for a job at the McMorrow Ice Company, but was refused, and from that time on nothing has been seen or heard of Herman Senso.

The sixth and last mystery is the disappearance of Martin Verhagen, 18 years old, whose mother lives in Buchanan. Verhagen was employed on the farm of Michael Maloney.

Saturday, Jan. 13, he visited his home and gave the most of his money to his widowed mother, keeping very little for himself. He went to Kaukauna and hired a horse and carriage, saying he was going to Wrightstown. Instead he and a brother drove to Freedom, returning that night.

**Sells Horse and Leaves.**

The brother left the carriage to walk to his work while Martin continued on. Since that time Verhagen has been lost.

The horse hired by Martin Verhagen at the time of his disappearance was recovered Saturday at Seymour. He traded the horse to a liverman, the Monday following, keeping the cutter and harness. It is alleged the liverman relinquished his claim to the animal when proof of ownership was established.

No trace of Verhagen has been found since this incident and the only clue the police are now working on is the report that he has gone to South Dakota.

## GIRL ADMITS THAT STORY WAS ENTIRELY FALSE ONE

Concocts Tale Of Vassar College—Heir To Fortune—For Vanity's Sake.

In the newspapers.

"It's funny how fast news travels. The night after I had told the servant girl the story there was a reporter at the house to see me. The next day I awoke to find my name in large type on the first page. I was terribly frightened and did not know what to do. I knew that I should be supposed to have an education, and so I concocted the story of having attended Vassar college."

**Borrows From Sultors.**

"Then came an army of lawyers who wanted to take up the case for me. I knew that was the beginning of the end, and still it was all so fine that I just shut my eyes and plunged madly onward. From one of the men who wanted to marry me I borrowed some money and gave a lawyer \$50 of it to go to Washington and get my fortune for me. Yes, I did that, even though I knew it would be my ruin. But the whole idea had taken such a hold on me and was so fascinating that I really began to believe that the story was true."

**Craved Notoriety.**

"It is hard for a girl, working day in and day out, to keep from becoming discouraged," she said. "I have a fairly good education, and when I would read the newspapers and see the names of other girls in the papers, and read of the fine clothes they wore it made me almost crazy. I wanted to be some one, and to see my name in the newspapers."

**CRAZY MAN GIVES UP TO POLICE TODAY**

Former Member of the Force Holds His Companions at Bay All Night.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Peoria, Ill., Jan. 29.—After holding a large number of police officers at bay all night, Charles Harwood, a former policeman and now insane, was captured shortly before six o'clock this morning.

**GREAT GRANDDAUGHTER OF REVOLUTIONARY HERO WEDS**

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Augusta, Ga., Jan. 29.—A wedding of social note in Augusta today was that of Miss Margaret Glover Twigg daughter of the late Joseph Twigg of this city, and Dr. George Ingles Macleod of Philadelphia. The ceremony was performed at the Church of the Good Shepherd by Bishop Weed of Florida. The bride is a great granddaughter of General Twigg of Revolutionary fame.







## For BEAUTIFUL WALLS buy ROMAN WALL PAINT

Finest thing for interiors of Homes, Schools, Hospitals, and all Public Buildings. Dries quickly without gloss, giving rich, velvety effect. Can be washed without injury. Greatly superior to all other wall finishes. Durable, Hygienic, Elegant and Inexpensive. Made by  
**THE CHICAGO WHITE LEAD AND OIL CO.**  
For Sample Card of 12 beautiful colors and general information, apply to  
**H. L. McNAMARA**

## — FORTY YEARS AGO —

Jamesville Daily Gazette, Monday, January 29, 1866.—Bargain.—The boot and shoe store of Thos. Madden was entered on Saturday night and goods to the amount of some \$200 taken therefrom. No clue has yet been obtained to the deprecators.

A Muss.—The hangers-on at the police office this afternoon were treated to a show not down on the bills. Messrs. Allen and Rogers, who were opposing counsel in a case, got into high words, and would have literally "got by the ears" had it not been for the interference of a constable and three special policemen appointed to quell the riot. Both were fined for contempt of court.

Disgraceful.—The conduct of a company of boisterous young men, who paraded the streets last night, about the time of closing the churches, were reprehensible in the last degree. If they had no respect for the feelings of others they should exercise a little self-respect, for when men

lose that, they have little more to lose in this world. We suspect mean whisky induced them to do what in its absence would have brought a blush to their faces.

Died at Washington, D. C., Jan. 28th, 1866, a chronic diarrhea, John H. Saunders, aged 22 years.

Mr. Saunders was one of the sixty who enlisted in 1862, under Lieut. E. G. Harlow, for the 12th Wisconsin Battery. In the spring of 1863 he was detailed for special service in the office of the Chief of Artillery of the Division to which the battery was attached, which position he occupied until called by special orders to Headquarters of the 15th Army Corps, where, in the capacity of a clerk, his good conduct and strict attention to duty gained for him at the expiration of his term of service as a soldier, a situation in the Quarter Master General's office, at Washington, which he filled, until disabled by the sickness which resulted in his death. The remains will be brought to this city for interment.

life—the fictitious narrative of a "deal" in the Chicago wheat pit. The social existence, the gambling in stocks and produce, the characteristic life of Chicago, form the background for an exceedingly vigorous and human tale of modern life and love.

## Labor Notes

At the recent election in the state of New York an amendment to the constitution of the state, known as "the labor amendment," was voted upon and carried by a good majority. This amendment empowers the legislature to enact laws regulating the number of hours to be worked by, and the amount of wages to be paid to, all employees of the state.

Seventeen labor leaders and brick manufacturers at Chicago have been indicted for criminal conspiracy in combining to fleece the rest of mankind who buy and use brick.

Henry Burnett, a representative of Chief Engineer Stevens of the Panama Canal zone, recently arrived at Kingston, Jamaica, to engage several thousand laborers for work on the canal.

The New York Bricklayers' Union and the Mason Builders' Association have renewed for two years the agreement now existing between them, and which expires on December 31. This agreement provides that the bricklayers shall be paid 70 cents an hour, and double for all time over eight hours a day and for all work done on Sundays and legal holidays. The new trade agreement affects about 11,000 bricklayers.

Following a walkout of 700 glass workers who refused to accept the terms offered by their employers, the United Glass Manufacturers' Association met in Chicago recently, and decided to maintain "open shops" hereafter.

The fourth annual convention of the National Alliance of Billposters and Billers, was held in Denver, recently.

300 dyers at Lodi, N. Y., struck recently.

**A CARD.**  
We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Green's Catarrh Remedy, if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded. J. P. Baker, Geo. E. King & Co., S. B. Reinhold, Smith's Pharmacy, People's Drug Co., H. E. Hanson & Co., Jamesville, Wis.

**Calendars for 1906.**  
The printing department of the Gazette has some splendid lines of calendars on hand for business men who desire to use them for their customers. These sample lots will be sold at considerably less than the original prices to clean up.

**Low Rates Via Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain Route.**  
Special "homeseekers' excursions. Tickets on sale January 2d and 16th and February 6th and 20th, 1906, to Arkansas, Colorado, Indian Territory, Kansas, Louisiana, Mexico, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Texas. Stop-overs permitted, return limit twenty-one days. For further information address L. D. Knowles, General Agent, 114 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee.

"Generally debilitated" for years. Had sick headaches, lacked ambition, was worn out and all run-down. Burdock Blood Bitters made me a well woman.—Mrs. Chas. Fretoy, Moose, Wis. Conn.

Don't think that piles can't be cured. Thousands of obstinate cases have been cured by Doan's Ointment. 50 cents at any drugstore.

Bilious? Feel heavy after dinner? Tongue coated? Bitter taste? Complexion sallow? Liver needs waking up. Doan's Regulax cures bilious attacks. 25 cents at any drugstore.

Farmers, mechanics, railroaders, laborers rely on Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Takes the sting out of cuts, burns or bruises at once. Pain can not stay where it is used.

**Homeseekers' Excursion to the North-West, West and Southwest.**

Via the North-Western line. Excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates are on sale to the territory indicated above. Standard and tourist sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars, and "The Best of Everything." For dates of sale and full particulars apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Truly wonderful—a little wanted.

**DEMAND RIGHTS FOR UNIONS.**

Address to Government Adopted by French State Employees.

Paris, Jan. 29.—Six thousand government employees held a meeting here Sunday and adopted a resolution demanding that the government frame and have passed a bill permitting its servants to join unions. All classes of public servants were represented from school mistresses to jailors. Sixty similar meetings were held in the provinces, at each one of which a like resolution was adopted.

**Chinaware Plant Is Burned.**  
Cochecton, Ohio, Jan. 29.—The decorating and shipping department of the Pope Gossier China company were totally destroyed by fire. The loss is \$50,000.

**Wood Alcohol Jag Fatal.**  
Camden, N. J., Jan. 29.—John Campbell and Keeley, Epperson died as a result of drinking wood alcohol.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of J. C. Atchafalaya

## OLD PEOPLE CONSTANT SUFFERERS

**IN WINTER.**  
Most old people are great sufferers in winter. They are seldom free from pains or ailments of some description, because they are not as able to withstand the severity of the climate, with its damp, changing weather, as are their younger, more vigorous companions. Cold weather starts the old aches and pains; they suffer with chilly sensations, cold extremities, poor appetite, and digestion; nervousness, sleeplessness and other afflictions peculiar to old age. With advancing years the strength and vitality of the system begin to decline. The heart action is weak and irregular; the blood becomes thin and sluggish in its circulation, and often some old blood taint that has lain dormant in the system for years begins to manifest itself. A wart or pimple becomes a troublesome sore or ulcer, skin diseases break out, or the slight rheumatic pains felt in younger days now cause sleepless nights and hours of agony. There is no reason why old age should not be healthy and free from disease if the blood is kept pure and the system strong, and this can be done with S. S. S. It is a medicine that is especially adapted to old people, because it is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, selected for their purifying, healing and building-up properties, and is very mild and gentle in its action. S. S. S. warms and reinvigorates the sluggish blood so that it moves with more rapidity, and clears it of all impurities and poisons. As this rich, healthy stream circulates through the body, every part of the system is built up, the appetite and digestion improve, the heart action increases, and the diseases and discomforts of old age pass away. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Skin Diseases, Sores and Ulcers, and all troubles arising from diseased blood.

**S.S.S.**  
PURELY VEGETABLE.  
**THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.**

## AUCTION!

Having sold our farm, will sell at public auction on the N. C. Fossum farm, 14 miles northwest of Beloit, 3 miles north of Newark postoffice, 4 miles south of Orfordville, 10 miles east of Brodhead, section 6, town of Newark, on

**THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1st**  
As it is a large sale we will begin at 10 o'clock SHARP.

**ELEVEN HORSES.**  
Bay mare, 12 yrs. old. Black mare, 10 yrs. old. Bay-white faced mare, 6 yrs. old. Grey gelding, coming 4 yrs. Bay mare, coming 4 yrs. Bay mare, coming 2 and 3 yrs. Well matched. Bay gelding, 7 years old. Two colts, coming 2 yrs. old.

**40 CATTLE.**—25 good cows; 5 heifers; 1 bull; 5 yearlings; 4 steers. 10 brood sows; 1 sow with sucking pigs; 1 boar; 30 shoats. About 150 bushels barley. About 375 bushels corn. Stack of rye straw. Quantity of seed corn. 100 chickens.

Great Western Manure Spreader, McCormick Grain Binder, McCormick Corn Binder, McCormick Corn Shredder, McCormick Mower, three-horse Shoe Drill, Corn Planter, Tobacco Planter, New Pulverizer, Riding Plow, 2 Walling Plows, Breaking Plow, 3-section Harrow, 2-section Harrow, Tobacco Cultivator, 2 Corn Cultivators, Hay Loader, Hay Rake, Feed Grinder, Feed Cooler, Wood Saw and 10-horse Power, 2 sets Work Harness, Set Driving Harness, 2 Truck Wagons, Milk Wagon, Top Buggy, New Stoughton Wagon, Lumber Wagon with triple box, Road Wagon, New Surret, Bob Sleigh, Hay Rack, Tobacco Rack, 1200-lb. Scales, 600 Fence Posts, Heating Stove, Extension Table, Bedsteads, and Springs, and numerous other articles.

**FREE LUNCH AT NOON.**  
**TERMS OF SALE.**—On all sums of \$10 and under, cash; all credit sums 12 months' time will be given on bankable notes, without interest if paid when due; if not paid when due 6 per cent interest will be charged from date of note. 10 per cent discount for cash.

**FREEMAN FOSSUM.**  
DAN FINNAN, Auctioneer. O. P. GAARDER, Clerk.

## Choice of 50 Skirts at \$3.

If you need a Skirt to wear until the Spring season, this sale offers the chance to buy it at a low price. Some that were \$5, others that were \$6, and all very desirable, now on sale at a choice for..... **\$3**

## MILLINERY

Many lines are now selling at half price. Now is a good time to secure bargains in the millinery line.

## DON'T WAIT

If you intend buying a Suit while the present prices are in force, better call in soon and make a selection, as there is quite a good line still in stock. **\$18, \$20, \$22 1/2 and \$25 Suits.**

## WINTER COATS

Plenty of the 50-inch black Coats left and at prices about half what they were formerly. A 50-inch Castor Coat, sarin lined to the waist, overcoat back, special at..... **\$8**

**Simpson**  
**DRY GOODS**

## NONE SUCH MOST DELICIOUS PIES.

IN 2-Pie 10c PACKAGES. FRUIT CAKES, PUDDINGS AND COOKIES. MERRELL SOULE CO. SYRACUSE, NEW YORK. **MINCE MEAT**

## MOTHER'S PLEA SAVES LIFE OF BLACK BRUTE

Woman Prevails Upon Mob to Allow Daughter's Assailant to Live.

Washington, Ga., Jan. 29.—Following a criminal assault on a 10-year-old girl by a negro, who was captured by a mob, the assailant's fate was in doubt Sunday while the parents of the girl were pleading for and against burning him at the stake.

Mrs. Roberts, weeping, begged that the law be allowed to take its course, and her husband continued to incite the mob to lynch the negro. She then appealed to her husband to aid her in preventing the lynching. She said that to put the assailant to death without hearing of the girl would be almost as cruel to the child as the negro's act.

Roberts, after some hesitation, came to his wife's side and joined his entreaties with hers. Their united efforts convinced the mob that to lynch the negro would add to the wrong already done; the child, and it was agreed to turn the assailant over to the sheriff.

The appeal of Mrs. Roberts was dramatic. Standing on the steps of her home, she said: "My child has been wronged cruelly, but you will add to the injury already done her if you lynch this negro here almost in her presence. The wrong done to her, and the cruel vengeance you intended to take on the negro, would be coupled with her name for years. I pray you not to lynch the negro. Turn him over to the law and let him be dealt with without publicity."

Mamie Roberts was attacked Saturday afternoon as she was returning from a neighbor's home by Rich Anderson, a negro employed by her father. As soon as the child reached her home with the story posess with bloodhounds began pursuit of Anderson.

The negro was captured Sunday morning in a swamp and taken to Roberts' home, where it was planned to have him identified by the child, and then lynch him. When the mob arrived at the Roberts home the negro confessed his guilt and begged that he be not made to face his little victim. They then began preparations to lynch the negro when Mrs. Roberts made her plea. The negro is now in the custody of the sheriff.

**Robbers Loot Bank.**  
Tulsa, I. T., Jan. 29.—Robbers wrecked the safe of the bank of Owassa, in the Cherokee nation, with dynamite and escaped with several thousand dollars.

## WANT ADS.

**WANTED.**—Parties to join me in forming a syndicate to purchase 4000 acres of land on the Gulf coast, for the purpose of dividing and selling in small tracts; and starting a town as a summer and winter resort. Chicago to double money in one year. E. W. Lowell, 5 Carverton Block.

**WANTED.**—Boarding places for students attending our school. Valentin Bros.

**WANTED.**—Dining room girl; wages \$16 per month; also kitchen girl for hotel; competent girls for private houses; \$3; also second girl. Mrs. E. A. McCarthy, 608 West Milwaukee St.

**WANTED.**—Driver for bakery wagon. Apply at Colvin's Bakery Co.

**WANTED.**—Energetic, trustworthy men or women to work in Wisconsin, representing large manufacturing company. Salary \$40 to \$50 per month, paid weekly; expenses advanced. Address with stamp, J. M. Moore, Janesville, Wis.

**WANTED.**—By a young man—Place on farm by the month. Address T. Caro Gazette.

**WANTED.**—To Hire at Once—Horse and buggy, by responsible local firm. Address H. Gazette.

**WANTED AT ONCE.**—Man, stenographer and bill clerk; none but those of experience need apply; fixed salary; permanent position. References. Lewis Knitting Company.

**WANTED TO TRADE.**—Irish setter pup for good bangle; or will sell at a bargain. Inquire at 408 Ravino St.

**WANTED.**—Place to work mornings and after school for board, by a student. Address 420 care Gazette.

## FOR RENT

**FOR RENT.**—About March 1st. Eight room house, in best residence part of city. Address 222 Gazette.

**FOR RENT.**—Five unfurnished rooms. 228 S. Main St.

**FOR RENT.**—Furnished room, 404 S. Academy St.

## FOR SALE

**FOR SALE.**—A bargain in a farm, 300 acres, within a few miles from Elk River, Ind. 28 acres under cultivation; 15 acres for corn; 40 acres bottom land, first class for truck raising; 28 acres pasture; 40 acres timber; 14 acres sandy soil, vines high grade of corn. Improved with nine-room house, woodshed, ice house, smoke house, corn crib, two large barns and sheep barn; 1 1/2 miles from the shore of Big Four or E. & W. branch of L. S. & M. S. Will sell the whole or any part very reasonable. A rising water creek running directly across the whole property. Address A. W. Allen 1000 Triumvir Block, Chicago.

**SEVERAL** Good Bargains in farms and city lots. If you are interested call and see me. Money to loan on good security at five per cent. Scott & Sherman, Real Estate, Bonds and Insurance Agents, Phoenix Block, 21 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

**FOR RENT.**—On Shares—A medium, sized farm with good buildings, near the city. Inquire of W. M. Gazette.

**FOR SALE.**—House and lot at 54 Jefferson St. Suitable for small family, and excellent location for railway material. Reasonable price taken soon. Inquire of W. H. Dougherty, att'y, 201 Jackson Building.

**FOR SALE.**—Columbia phonograph in good condition. Address H. Caro Gazette.

## MISCELLANEOUS

**CLAIRVOYANT and Trance Medium.**—Mrs. Louise H. Davorkosen. Private readings on all affairs, till nine p. m. 161 S. Jackson St.

**LOST.**—Thursday p. m. between Carle's 1st ward grocery and 4th Ave. bridge—blue wool horse blanket, toward P. H. Green & Son, 43 N. Main St.

**CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST.**—Hundreds of people have visited Madame Baker, and all are more than satisfied, 33 S. Main street.

**LOST.**—A small watch and chatelaine pin, between Milwaukee street and Fifth ward. Finder return to this office.

**LOST.**—A cold head chain and cross, between 120 Locust St. and Elgin school, Friday afternoon. Finder please leave at 120 Locust St.

**FOUND.**—Jan. 24th—\$100.00 note containing currency. J. M. Bostwick & Sons.

**DR. JAMES HILLS**  
Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat.  
Specialist.  
Glasses Accurately Fitted.  
Office—25 West Milwaukee St.  
Both phones. JAMESVILLE, WIS.  
10,000 read Gazette want ads daily.

Gift to Bowdoin College.  
Washington, Jan. 29.—Col. Isaac Henry Wing, a retired lumberman of Bayfield, Wis., who is spending the winter here, has given \$50,000 to endow a college of mathematics at Bowdoin, his alma mater.

"The Man on the Box," the new serial, starts today. Read it.

**6-5-4 WILL NOT WASH OFF**  
APPLIED LIKE PAINT  
Kills Rust On  
SALES LOST  
WASH OFF  
Dries in 10 minutes  
No work. Shines itself  
For Sale by H. L. McNamara and A. H. Sheldon Hardware Co., Janesville.

**JANESVILLE MARKET REPORT.**  
Quotations on Grain and Produce for The Gazette.  
REPORTED BY F. H. GREEN & SON, DEALERS IN WHEAT, GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED.  
Jan. 29th, 1906.  
Floor 1st Patent, 12 1/2 @ 43 1/2 and 1st out at 12 1/2 and 1 1/2 per sack.  
Wheat—Chicago Cash, No 1 and 2 North-west, \$3.25.  
EAR CORN—\$3.30 @ 39 per ton.  
Rye—60c per bu.  
SALADY—\$3.40.  
Oats—27 1/2.  
TIMOTHY—\$2.25—Retail at 21.50 @ 21.50.  
Buy at 20 to \$1.25 on.  
FEED—Price corn and oats, \$20.00 @ 22.00 ton.  
BEAN—120.00 to \$21.00 sacked per 100.  
SHADOCK MIDDINGS \$20.00 sacked.  
OIL MEAL—\$1.75 to \$2.00 per cwt.  
COAL MEAL—\$17.00 @ 18.00 per 100.  
HAY—per ton baled, \$5.50 to \$6.00.  
CORN—Per ton baled, \$5.50 to \$6.00.  
BUTTER—Dairy, 24c @ 25c.  
Cream at 70c.  
POTATOES—60c @ 65c.  
EGGS—Strictly fresh, 22c.  
Onions 60 @ 70c.  
Poultry, live chickens, 5 to 9 cents; old fowls 10.  
Ducks, dressed—10 @ 11c.  
Dressed geese 9 to 10c.  
Veal Calves 50 @ 55c.  
Cash wheat about 2c lower than a week ago and corn has followed the same general course as wheat. Oats have declined from 1/2 to 1c during last few days. Bran is advancing rapidly in consequence of the light running of many of the large mills. Local market for hay, straw, grain and produce remains about the same. From what we can learn Janesville is paying more for oats than any other town in the county.

**Very Low Rates to the Mardi Gras at New Orleans, to Mobile, Pensacola and Winter Resorts.**  
Via the North-Western line. On account of the Mardi Gras excursion tickets with certain stop-over privileges will be sold to New Orleans, Mobile and Pensacola, Feb. 21 to 25, inclusive, also on Feb. 26, for trains arriving at destination by noon of Feb. 27, with favorable return limits. Excursion tickets are also on sale daily, at reduced rates, to the principal winter resorts in the United States and Mexico. For full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

**LOW RATES WEST AND NORTHWEST**  
Daily February 15 to April 7—Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.  
Greatly reduced rates will be made on the above dates to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle and many other points west and northwest. Half rates for children of half fare age. Liberal stop-overs allowed on all tickets. Tickets are good in tourist sleepers. For further information regarding rates, routes and train service see nearest ticket agent or write F. A. Millor, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

"The Man on the Box," the new serial, starts today. Read it.

**JOHN DRURY AS "TONY" IN "ARIZONA," MYERS GRAND TONIGHT**  
The following pleasant episode happened during "Arizona's" run in London, last season:  
The King and Queen, Princess Victoria and the Prince and Princess Charles of Denmark attended the performance on the second Monday of its presentation. At the conclusion of the play there was a pleasant little ceremony. Doubtless the leading lady of the piece, was summoned to the royal box, where she presented to the Queen a beautiful bouquet composed of lilies of the valley, white orchids and white heather, bound with a ribbon in red, white and blue stripes, the American colors. The bouquet was presented on behalf of the American company playing in "Arizona," and Her Majesty expressed her pleasure in accepting it, and said the play was "charming." His Majesty said to Bonita, "It is a splendid play; well acted; I enjoyed it very much." Their Majesties shook hands with the young actress, who was overwhelmed at their graciousness. On the preceding evening, the Prince and Princess of Wales witnessed "Arizona." In presenting the bouquet, Bonita said: "I wish the fragrance of these flowers could convey to your Majesties the deep love and respect felt for you by the American people." The King smiled and remarked, "Very pretty, very pretty."  
"Arizona" will be presented at the Myers Grand, Monday, January 29.

Walton Lackaye will play a brief engagement in "The Pit" at the Myers Grand Saturday, February 3, matinee and evening.  
"The Pit" is one of the greatest successes that the American stage has known for many years. It is a powerful story of active American

Dr. Andrew Jackson Barchfield—CONGRESSMAN FROM PENNSYLVANIA  
Dr. Andrew Jackson Barchfield was born in Pittsburg, Pa., May 15, 1852. He was educated in the public schools and Pittsburg Central High school, graduated from Jefferson Medical college, Philadelphia, in 1884. He became interested in politics upon obtaining his majority; was elected a school director in 1885; a member of the common council of Pittsburg in 1886 and 1887; was a delegate to the republican state conventions of 1886, 1894 and 1901; was for many years a member of the republican state committee. He has been active in all presidential and gubernatorial campaigns on the stump throughout western Pennsylvania. Mr. Barchfield is prominent in his profession and is president of the board of directors, South Side hospital, Pittsburg, and a member of the staff.

**..COMING ATTRACTIONS..**

**JOHN DRURY AS "TONY" IN "ARIZONA," MYERS GRAND TONIGHT**



## THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE

Business Office Open Saturday

Evenings.

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WEATHER FORECAST

Fair tonight and Tuesday; colder Tuesday afternoon.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Edition—By Carrier.

One Year, cash in advance, \$5.00

Six Months, cash in advance, 2.50

Three Months, cash in advance, 1.25

Daily Edition—By Mail.

CASH IN ADVANCE.

One Year, \$4.00

Six Months, 2.00

Three Months, 1.00

Bonny

Six Months—Rural delivery in Rock County.

WEEKLY EDITION—One Year, 1.50

Long Distance Telephone, No. 77.

Business Office, 77-2

Editorial Rooms, 77-3

Rock county has no district attorney as yet.

For midwinter Janesville is enjoying some delicious weather.

The fight for the vacant district attorneyship continues to be waged.

Beloit has not even mentioned small pox for some weeks past.

Doubtless the afflicted city is now safe to visit.

It has been asked, why not have a county fair in Janesville once more?

There is a subject that is open to debate. Why not?

If the ice crop fails all that has been saved on coal will go into the treasury of the ice man. Coming and going the public catches it.

A man is derelict in his duty to prosperity if he does not do what he can today to promote human interest in the best that this world offers.

If Alice Roosevelt is not spoiled by all the attention she is receiving it will not be the fault of the people who are showering her with favors.

As a member of the Associated Press, the Gazette receives the same dispatches as all of the Milwaukee and Chicago evening papers do.

Governor Davidson is to visit all the state institutions in the next few months. He will find them all running, doubtless, but it may give him food for thought.

There appears to be a hitch in the postoffice appointment but just where it is not known. Meanwhile Janesville's office continues to deliver mail as usual.

President Roosevelt is determined to make a tour of world when he is through with his present term and shoot a few tigers in India. Meanwhile he keeps his hand in by scalping the "insurgents" having been made a member of the Red Men.

It would appear as though a hundred dollar Christmas present to a reporter on a Chicago paper was a little more than Uncle Sam would stand for, especially as the reporter was influencing public opinion in favor of the packers by his writings.

TRADE WITH RUSSIA.

Trade of the United States with Russia, including the Asiatic part, during the fiscal year 1905, as shown by the records of the Bureau of Statistics, Department of Commerce and Labor, amounted to \$28.8 million dollars, of which 11.8 million dollars represent the imports into the United States, and 17 million dollars the exports of the United States to Russia. These figures, are somewhat lower than the figures for the preceding year, when the total trade figures were in excess of 31.3 millions (of which 11.9 millions were imports and 19.4 million exports). The shrinkage is due largely to the war and the unsettled condition of the country.

It should be noted that these figures do not include the entire trade movement between the two countries. Owing to the absence of direct steamship connections between the two countries, goods shipped from this country and ultimately reaching Russia, and vice versa, are in many cases consigned to various European ports (Liverpool, Bremen, Hamburg, and others), and thence transhipped to the ports of ultimate destination, or in the case of American shipments to Russia, placed aboard the railroad cars for overland transportation. This is particularly true of raw cotton, by far the largest item of exportation to Russia from this country. As a matter of fact, the officially recorded imports of American cotton into Russia during the five-year period ending December 31, 1904, were 919,534,000 pounds; while our exports to that country during the five-year period ending June 30, 1904, are stated in the official reports of the Bureau of Statistics to have been 266,000,000 pounds, or less than 30 percent of the direct imports recorded

by the Russian customs authorities. Nor can it be said that the Russian figures credit this country with all the cotton shipments originating here. Taking for example the Russian figures of cotton imports for the calendar year 1903, the latest period for which imports by countries are available, we find that, besides 19.5 million dollars worth of raw cotton credited to the United States, imports of cotton to the amount of 24.3 million dollars are credited to Great Britain, Germany, Denmark, Belgium, France, Sweden, and Norway, all countries which do not produce cotton but receive the greater part (about 75 per cent) of their supply from the United States.

Assuming the same ratio for the indirect imports of raw cotton into Russia via northern European ports, as applies to the countries just named, the value of the imports of American cotton via these ports would be 18.2 million dollars, and the total value of American cotton imported into Russia 37.7 million dollars, a figure more than double the officially reported value of total United States exports to that country. The total imports into Russia from the United States for the calendar year 1903 are stated by the Russian authorities as 32.5 million dollars, to which should be added 18.2 million dollars, the calculated value of American raw cotton imported via northern European ports, thus making the total imports into Russia of merchandise originating in the United States more than 50 million dollars. While the figures for the calendar year 1903 are unusually large, partly because of the high price of cotton, there is no doubt that our export figures are considerable underestimates of the actual movement of commodities from this country to Russia.

It is clear that, for the reasons just stated, the figures of our imports from Russia are a better index of the movement of commodities from Russia to the United States than the Russian export figures. As a matter of fact, the annual average of Russian exports to this country for the five-year period 1899-1903, 2.2 million dollars, bears an even smaller proportion to the corresponding import figures of 8.5 million dollars recorded by the Bureau of Statistics for the five-year period ending June 30, than the American export figures bear to the corresponding Russian import figures.

A conservative estimate of the total value of the commerce, both direct and indirect, would place the value at not less than 55 to 60 million dollars, of which 45 to 50 million dollars represent the value of goods shipped from Russia to the United States. Russia, being still an agricultural country mainly and our principal competitor in the European grain markets, the principal imports from the United States consist of raw materials such as are not produced there (at all, jute, manila hemp, etc.), or produced in insufficient quantities, as raw cotton, copper and other metals, and manufactures, principally machinery and other manufactures of iron and steel, which, because of their superior quality, have overcome the competition of similar German and British products. The principal imports into Russia from the United States for the calendar year 1903, the latest year for which complete returns for the entire Empire are available, are as follows:

Raw cotton, valued at 24,335,000, which includes the value of direct imports only. Next in order of importance comes machinery, chiefly agricultural machinery of the more complex type, such as self-acting harvesters and binders, steam thrashers, horse-drawn, the total value of which, for the calendar year 1903, was \$2,574,000; agricultural implements of the simpler type, \$652,000; machinery for industrial purposes, mainly for wood and metal working, \$21,491,000; and typewriters, \$78,000. Next out of a total of \$133,000 imported from all countries, in 1903, hand tools valued at \$64,532, and iron and steel manufactures, not specified, of the value of \$87,500, make up the larger part of the iron and steel imports from this country not mentioned above. Some other more important articles received from the United States during 1903 were: Copper, unmanufactured, \$848,974; colors and dyes, \$557,324; white pitch, \$404,220; tanning substances, \$397,010; seeds, plants, etc., \$312,374; copra, \$259,411; flour imported chiefly into the Asiatic ports, \$232,532; Indian corn, \$106,610; wax of all kinds, \$109,832; manufactures of flax and hemp, \$157,247; animal fats, including lard, \$109,584; tin in pigs and bars, \$104,372, etc.

Imports into Russia from the United States, as recorded by the Russian authorities, while varying considerably from year to year, on the whole show but slight changes if averages for longer periods are compared. The annual average imports from the United States for the years 1894-1898 were 24,771,000, while the average imports for the period 1899-1903 are but \$23,276,000. But, as stated above, these figures show but the value of the direct receipts from this country, and are exclusive of the indirect imports which, as in the case of cotton, reach considerable proportions. Moreover, these values reflect, to a large extent, the fluctuations in the price of cotton, which constitutes over 75 per cent of the total imports credited to the United States.

PRESS COMMENT.

Sly Dig at Rival's Enterprise Chicago Tribune: "Think of the possibility that the Eskimo may have smeared train oil and walrus grease on the north pole ages ago."

A Very Safe Bet.

Chicago News: One-third of win-

ter has gone and it is safe to bet the Masonic Temple against a box of strawberries that it is the best third that has taken its departure.

Up to the Kaiser Now.

Milwaukee Sentinel: "The president has shovelled coal under the boilers of a battleship. And what is the emulative kaiser going to do about that stunt?"

"Piff! Paff! Pouff!"

Chicago Record-Herald: "Twiddle-Twiddle" is the name of a new farce produced in New York. This completely disarms the critics by its rare cadour.

Jokes Happening Right Along.

Bryan's Commoner: "Marshall P. Wilder declares that there are no new jokes, but this may be due to the little jokes failing to read some recent conflicting court decisions."

Husbands Also Luxuries.

Madison Journal: Judge Gary of Chicago has ruled that a wife is a luxury and that a man should expect to pay for his luxuries. Many a woman has found a husband quite a luxury as a decoration.

Confidence in them Misplaced.

Bryan's Commoner: "The republican legislators of New York have returned a vote of confidence in Senator Dewey. They will find it vastly more difficult to secure a vote of confidence for themselves although the railroad passes may come easier."

Pine Islanders Without Hope.

Green Bay Gazette: "The last hope of the Isle of Pines promoters has apparently fled. The senate committee has reported favorably the treaty with Cuba which cedes the little island to the island republic and it will undoubtedly be ratified by the senate."

The Hatred of Work.

Exchange: "Three-fourths of all of the crime is due to hatred of work. Some people hate work with almost furious intensity. Instead of taking an interest in their work and getting pleasure out of it they change it into odious bondage and slavery. It is no wonder the penitentiaries are full."

Lovely Southern Girls!

Superior Telegram: "And now the Daughters of the Confederacy propose to erect a monument to Capt. Wirz, the infamous commander of Andersonville prison during the war of the rebellion. Wirz was hanged at the close of the war for his crimes. These lovely southern girls remind us of the fellow over at Detroit, Mich., who erected a monument last summer in honor of the devil."

Odd Character—Grosvenor.

El Paso Herald: "Snowy-haired Grosvenor, the man who looks like Santa Claus and talks like Old Nick, has excooriated several generations of congressmen, having a baritone tongue and a command of facts and figures only exceeded by the cyclopedias, but they apparently do not mind, in fact they seem like the old lady's eels; she said she had been skinning them alive now for forty years and they were used to it. So they have done him the unprecedented honor of signing a round-robin to the voters of his district asking him for his return to congress."

Misery for Everybody.

Exchange: Jack London is lecturing under the red flag. Readers of his stories will not be much surprised. He is an apostle of the creed that nothing much is worth while and life is misery for everybody except the strong man who, however, will get his come-uppings in the last chapter and be just as miserable as anybody. And his heroes and heroines are reminiscent of pungent Bancroft's slur on certain early settlers whom he described as "men of doubtful character and women of whose character there was no doubt whatever." Jack London is one type of man that is apt to drift into the creed of hopelessness-anarchy.

Remarkable Man Gone.

Madison Journal: A remarkable man is removed in the death of "Whispering Joe" Wheeler. He was a gallant soldier in the confederate army, being twice wounded and having sixteen horses shot under him. When the Spanish war broke out he was one of the first to volunteer, although then 62 years old. President McKinley appointed him a general. He could wield the pen as well as the sword and was the author of several books, including an "Account of Kentucky Campaign, 1862," "Cavalry Tactics, 1862," "Military History of Alabama," "History of Santiago Campaign," "History of Cuba," eight volumes of congressional speeches, "History of the Effect upon Civilization of the Wars of the Nineteenth Century." He also wrote monographs upon the lives of Admiral Dewey, William McKinley, "Stonewall" Jackson and Theodore Roosevelt, and was a frequent contributor to magazines.

Vested Interest in Shams.

Milwaukee Free Press: It is estimated that the people of the United States pay annually \$2,000,000,000 for adulterated and misnamed foods, medicines and beverages.

Carloads of "potted chicken" and "potted turkey" which contain no vestige of either chicken or turkey are sent over the country and sold to the public. What these cans contain is beef, young calves, mutton and pork—possibly not injurious to health, but a fraud upon the purchaser, nevertheless.

Countless preparations of "preserved fruit" containing no fruit at all are sent out and sold.

The pure food bill now before the two houses of congress requires that the products of these manufactures shall be labeled for what the packages contain. The manufacturers know that such a requirement will destroy their business, and for that reason are bitterly opposing the measure.

The surprising thing about this legislation is the fact that there are a number of senators who are in sympathy with the fraudulent business, and interpose objections, first on one pretext and then on another, for the sole purpose of delaying action.

Very Possibly.

"A lot of men attended the Boston tea party," observed the Sage of Plunkville, "who couldn't get an invite to-day to a third-class Beacon street affair."—Pittsburg Post.

Read the want ads.

## NO MORE DUST!

PEROLIN

THE DESTROYER OF DUST,

is the only compound that will effectively settle and absorb the dust caused by sweeping—it will clean, brighten and preserve carpets, rugs and floorings—save the curtains, pictures, tapestries and furniture from becoming soiled by dust—kill disease-carrying germs found in dust, and purify the air.

PEROLIN

THE DESTROYER OF DUST,

is invaluable to Department, Dry Goods, Clothing, General Merchandise, Gents' Furnishings, Furniture, Jewelry, and other stores having goods exposed to dust, because it protects the goods from becoming dust-soiled.

PEROLIN

THE DESTROYER OF DUST,

is indispensable to Theatres, Schools, Libraries, Hospitals, Churches and all places of assembly indoors, as a protection against infectious diseases.

\$3.50 PER HUNDRED POUNDS. \$3.50

E. B. Heimstreet, Sole Distributor, Janesville, Wis.

## POLITICS AND POLITICIANS

James P. Goodrich, who has been re-elected chairman of the republican state committee of Indiana, is an adherent of Vice-President Fairbanks. He has held the position for five years, and is considered to be one of the best political organizers in the country.

The democrats of Ohio are much concerned lest the illness of Governor Pattison may result in his resignation or death. In such a contingency the state would go under the control of the republicans, as Lieut. Gov. Andrew L. Harris would succeed him.

Former Senator William E. Mason of Illinois has formally announced his candidacy for the republican senatorial nomination against Senator Hopkins in 1908.

Prohibition promises to be one of the paramount issues in the coming gubernatorial campaign in Texas. Candidates for governor, it is said, will be compelled to declare themselves.

Congressman Joseph C. Sibley, who has represented the Twenty-eighth district of Pennsylvania for many years, announces that all his political ambitions are gratified and that he will never again ask for a political office.

The democrats of Rhode Island have come out in favor of the initiative and referendum, and have decided to push a proposed constitutional amendment to that end in the present legislature.

With discussion breaking the republican ranks, the democratic leaders of New York believe there will be an excellent chance of carrying their state ticket next fall if they can succeed in presenting a united front, and many of them are working quietly to bring about an agreement of the factions.

There are now five candidates in the field for the governorship of Georgia. They are Hoke Smith, Clark Howell, Col. J. H. Estill, Judge R. B. Russell and James M. Smith.

The boom of George D. Perkins, editor of the Sioux City Journal, for the republican nomination for governor of Iowa, has been launched.

Senator Pat McCarran, democratic leader in Brooklyn, has jumped aboard the Hearst band wagon, and is for him for the democratic nomination for governor.

## CARNATION DAY IS NOT WELL OBSERVED

But Few Janesville People Remember to Wear the McKinley Flower Today.

Today is Carnation Day. In memory of the late President McKinley this day has been unofficially set aside as Carnation day and everyone is invited to wear a carnation in memory of the departed President. In Janesville a few persons have appeared with the carnation in their button-hole. Several pupils at the high school and a few about the city remembered the day, but the majority appear to have forgotten the request to commemorate the day.

At the Martyr's Grave Canton, O., Jan. 29.—A number of wreaths and other floral offerings were received in Canton today for deposit at the grave of President McKinley, this being the anniversary of the martyred president's birth. The tributes came from republican organizations and personal friends in Washington, Cleveland, Columbus and other places. Mrs. McKinley visited the cemetery this morning and personally attended to the arrangement of the flowers.

National Senate Chamber. The senate chamber at Washington is 113 feet 3 inches in length, by 80 feet 3 inches in width and 30 feet in height. The galleries will accommodate 1,000 persons.

Very Possibly. "A lot of men attended the Boston tea party," observed the Sage of Plunkville, "who couldn't get an invite to-day to a third-class Beacon street affair."—Pittsburg Post.

## ALMANAC WISDOM FOR FEBRUARY IS VAGUE

Weather Provided for by the Different Almanacs is Very Much Different.

The creation of almanacs is almost as old as the art of book making. Of late years the forecasting of the weather has been a feature second only to proclaiming the curative virtues of the patent medicines that inspire the publication. These weather predictions are read by millions of people, and in face of the observations and reports by the government weather bureau, they still are consulted and accredited by many. Each prognosticator claims his predictions are based on conjunctions of the planets. Whatever the foundation for their claims may be, they all reach divergent conclusions as will be seen by a comparison of two or more almanacs for a given period. Here is the way they have muddled the weather up for February:

February promises to be a remarkably cold stormy month, over the northern section of the United States.—"Ladies' Birthday" Almanac.

"In the Atlantic coast district, the lake region, and the central valleys the severe storms, come from the middle west and southward, and are generally followed by cold waves."—Dr. Miles' New Weather Almanac.

1-3, Very cold for a few days. 4-10, slightly milder, followed by some moderate rain. 11-17, heavy snow storms. 18-20, cold. 21-28, a little warmer, with light snows."—Dodd's Almanac.

1-4, cold, with more or less snow. 12-13, clear. 14-23, extreme cold spell. 21-27, warmer, with rain. 28, cold.—"Ayer's American Almanac."

1-4, very stormy. 5-9, heavy snows, general blockade in north-west. 10-14, low temperature at all points. 15-19, clear, fair weather over all sections. 20-23, cold freezing weather. 24-28, fine, general weather at all points south of 40th parallel."—Perina Almanac.

So take your choice of guesses!

## CONSUMERS' QUEER WHIMS

Purchasers of Commodities Have Some Singular and Senseless Notions.

There is no use trying to make people eat anything that does not conform to their ideas of what viands should be. A government pamphlet on "Consumers' Fancies," emanating from the omniscient department of agriculture, and credited to George K. Holmes, chief of the division of foreign markets in the bureau of statistics, eloquently enforces this lesson. Here are rapidly run over most of the commoner whims relating to the appearance of articles for the table. Thus "brown eggs" sell for a higher price than pure white ones in Boston, while New York and San Francisco prefer the white, butter colored to suit Chicago's taste would be too pale for that of Washington, and not nearly dark enough for New Orleans. And, in a long list of the most familiar articles the consumer demands a color or appearance which is not only no indication of quality, but is actually absent in the pure natural product.

Catsup made from tomatoes is not a vivid red, and must be made so, in very many cases by dyeing. Cider as it drips from the modern mill is almost colorless, but the buyer, remembering that the old-time cider and vinegar were brown, demands that the new wear the same color. The maker meets the demand with caramel. Whisky is in similar case. As it comes from the still it is white, and the darker color results only after it has been stored in a charred barrel. This tone can be given to white or undercolored whisky by means of burnt sugar. Prunes are dipped in glycerine and logwood, walnuts bleached with sulphite, because people believe that they ought to look as nature intended they should. Obviously, the refusal of the public to buy the "real thing," just as it comes is the greatest imaginable incentive to adulteration and fraud.

Seat of Norway's Wealth. The wealth of Norway lies almost entirely in her forests and fisheries.

## Cloaks Half Price...

That's the way the prices rule since the advent of our successful January sale. Cloak buyers and lookers are invited today and every day.

## Millinery..

HALF PRICE on all lines in the department.

## Silk Petticoats..

SAMPLES One-third less than regular. Extra values,

\$3.00 to \$5.00.

## Outing Gowns

for men and women. Special values at 39c, 69c and 89c.

## Orchid Reid &amp; Co.

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, MILLINERY

## 100 LATE TO CLASSIFY

A fair face, delicate hands, refined appearance produced by "Soft Skin Cream and Soft Face Powder."—2c.

## MYERS GRAND

MATINEE AND NIGHT SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3

DIRECT FROM THIRD RUN IN CHICAGO

## WILTON

A Story of the Chicago Wheat Pit

## LACKAYE

IN

WM. A. BRADY'S Colossal Production of

## THE PIT

Adapted from Frank Norris' Famous Novel by Channing Pollock

4 Big Acts, 6 Great Scenes, Original Cast

Magnificent Costumes, including the Prize Dress from New York's Fashion Show.

## PRICES

MATINEE—First four rows of Orchestra, \$1.50; balance of Orchestra and Orchestra Circle, \$1.00; first six rows Balcony, 75c; balance Balcony, 50c; Gallery, 25c. NIGHT—Orchestra and first two rows Orchestra Circle, \$1.50; balance of Circle, \$1.00; first two rows Balcony, \$1.00; next four rows, 75c; balance 50c; Gallery, 25c. Box seats, \$1.50.

Mail Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention

Seat sale Friday at 9 o'clock. Positively no Free List.



**HIS CHIN TREMBLED**

People often enter the dental office with scarcely control of their nerves enough to keep their teeth from chattering. A patient presented himself to Dr. Richards last week in just this condition of fright.

Just fear of pain.

If you could have seen the smile on his face when he put on his coat and said "Good day," you would have more confidence in painless dentistry.

He had two ulcerated molars extracted. **ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT ONE PARTICLE OF PAIN** to him.

Said one pleased patient: "You are the 6th dentist who has worked for me."

"Am I the worst one yet?" said Dr. Richards.

"No," said she, "I shall come back to YOU in the future."

"The proof of the pudding is in the eating."

Try Dr. Richards yourself and see if he won't do for YOU what he is doing for others here in Janesville.

Office over Hall & Sayles' Jewelry Store, West Milwaukee Street, Janesville.

**Cleaners & Dyers**

**Suits and Overcoats**  
Cleaned and Pressed.  
Made as good as new.

Janesville Steam Dye House  
Carl F. Brockhaus, Prop.  
59 East Milwaukee St.

BUY YOUR  
Magazines & Periodicals

AT  
**LEFFINGWELL'S**, N. Main Street.

**RINK NIGHTS**  
Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday, and every afternoon.

**CORYDON Q. DWIGHT, M. D.**  
207 Jackson Bldg.  
Practice Limited to  
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

Consultation from 9 to 12 and 2 to 5  
and by Appointment.  
Telephone 890.

**GREAT POTTERY SALE**  
Now on at  
**J. H. MYERS ART STORE.**

**CLOCKS**  
Our line of Clocks is complete. All styles.  
Prices from 75c up.

**KOEBELIN'S**  
Jewelry and Music House.  
Hayes Block.

**LOCAL LACONICS**

**Golden Wedding:** Mr. and Mrs. Philip Klippenberg will be "at home" to their friends on Wednesday, Jan. 31st, from 2 to 5 p. m. and from 7 to 9 p. m., it being the 50th anniversary of their marriage. No invitations issued.

**The Schumann Club** will meet with Mrs. William Sherer Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

**A New Lodge:** The M. M. F., a new local order in which many Janesville ladies are interested, in a soapy way, sent a delegate to Milton last Saturday to install a chapter of their order in that city.

**B. S. & S. W. Club:** Tomorrow evening at Central hall will be held another dance of the series of the Business Sub and Shire Waist club parties. Knott & Hatch's orchestra will play.

**Talk of Party:** There has been some talk of having a genuine picnic supper and dance at the Sinnissippi Golf clubhouse this month. The idea discussed is that the club furnish the coffee and perhaps a hot baked ham and the rest of the supper be decided picnic. Carriages would be used to transport the party to and from the city.

**To Decide on Tournament:** It is expected that within the next month the definite plans for the coming state golf tournament to be held next July at the Sinnissippi Golf club course will be decided upon. Inquiries from throughout the state show that the attendance will be very large and much interest is being shown.

**Settled the Case:** Wm. Quade, whose team became frightened six weeks ago at an automobile on South Main street and ran away, throwing him to the ground, is able to be about again without the use of crutches. Mr. Quade had a load of hay on his wagon and in falling the flesh was torn from one of his limbs clear to the bone and he was otherwise disabled. The owner of the automobile paid the doctor's bills for the injured man.

**New Incorporation:** Articles of organization of the Edgeman Realty Co. of Beloit have been filed with the register of deeds. The incorporators are: Edgar S. Greene, Anna S. Greene, William Brittan, and R. K. Rockwell.

**FOUR ISOLATED**

**WITH MEASLES**

**CITY PRACTICALLY LEAVES PA-  
TIENTS IN PEST-HOUSE**

**TO SHIFT FOR THEMSELVES**

**People Interested in the Parties  
Make a Vigorous Protest—Say Ac-  
commodation Are Outrageous.**

Edward Wilkinson, a student who has been rooming at the Y. M. C. A. building, was taken ill Friday morning and a rash which was breaking out on the skin, but which was not sufficiently developed to be characteristic, caused Health Officer T. H. McCarthy, when called, to surmise that the patient might be afflicted with smallpox. If such should prove to be the case the Y. M. C. A. would be in an unpleasant predicament and so, with all possible haste, the young man was removed to the detention hospital. Inasmuch as the place had not been properly cleaned, proper facilities for heating were lacking, and there was no one to look after him once he had been lodged there, it was also a serious predicament for Wilkinson. Health Officer McCarthy says that he visited the hospital three times that day, kept the fire going, and provided whatever food was necessary. He endeavored to secure someone to take care of the boy, but did not succeed.

**Found to Be Measles.**

On Saturday another student by the name of Clinton Nichols, who has been working for his lodging at the home of David Jeffris, was taken ill and when Dr. Sutherland arrived he pronounced the malady measles. Nichols was bundled off to the isolation hospital and upon arriving there the same physician pronounced the disease what he termed measles. About this time the authorities of the Valentine school took a hand in the matter and registered a vigorous complaint against the city for its manner in dealing with such cases. In the first place, they claimed, the authorities had no right to remove the two young men from the quarters in which they were living, it being unlawful for a landlord or householder to eject anyone from under his roof in a time of illness. In the second place, they claimed that no preparations for receiving patients had been made at the hospital—that the same bed-clothes used by the last smallpox patient had not been buried up and replaced, or even washed, and that admitting that they had been fumigated, it was manifestly unwise to allow them to be used again in this instance. In the third place they alleged that the house could not be properly heated by the stove that was there and that though a wood-fire could hardly be kept burning by patients too sick to get out of bed, there was no coal on the premises. In the fourth place they charged that whatever food was left there was in an uncooked state, was unfit for ill persons, and was placed at the end of a long, cold hallway where it was unobtainable as well as unsuitable.

**Counter-Assertions Made.**

Dr. McCarthy, on the other hand, asserts that it is not the custom even in private homes where smallpox has existed to burn the bed-clothes, curtains, draperies, etc. The patient Wilkinson, he says, was unable to partake of food and the city has been unable to fire anyone to clean up the place after a reasonable sum. Yesterday afternoon one of the school authorities took a stove, coal, new bedding, mattresses, and food and told the authorities of the city, including some of the aldermen, that Janesville would be held responsible if proper care was not given the two boys. It was understood that Mrs. Robinson's nurse, was to go out to attend to them last night, but she had not put in an appearance, nor indeed had anyone looked in since the last call yesterday afternoon, when one of the gentlemen visited the place this morning. It is said, however, that the services of a nurse were procured and that she began her duties today.

**Two More Cases.**

In the meantime two more cases of measles have developed—both of them at the Interurban hotel. Laughlin and Baker are the names of the two men afflicted and they were to be taken to the isolation hospital this afternoon. Heretofore it has not been customary to take patients suffering with this contagion to the isolation hospital, but in these cases there seemed to be no other place in which they could be quarantined, providing they were not allowed to stay where they were taken sick. The city has essayed to take charge of them in a "certainly responsible" if there is neglect or improper care. The Wilkinson boy is said to be very sick and it was feared yesterday that complications with pneumonia might set in.

**THE MONDAY CLUB LECTURE  
COURSE MAY BE CONTINUED**

The third of a series of lectures on the Bible, being held under the auspices of the Monday club in the parlors of the Congregational church, will be given by Rev. J. A. Blaisdell of Beloit college this evening. About a hundred and twenty former occupants but as some were kept away by the inclemency of the weather new members will be welcomed this evening. The lectures have been so successful and have so delighted all that there is talk of continuing the course. The four which it was originally planned to have, constitute the Freshman Bible study at Beloit and if the series are lengthened the Sophomore work will be taken.

**Lorenzo G. Walkley**

The funeral of the late Lorenzo G. Walkley was held this afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. J. H. Tippet, from the home of the deceased on Racine street at two o'clock. The pallbearers were Ed. Banfield, B. O'Brien, E. Brown, E. Parker, Edwin Case, and S. Henderson. Burial was in Oak Hill cemetery.

**Marriage License:** Application for a marriage license has been filed by Francis Joseph Cleary and Bessie Blanche Payton, both of Beloit.

**Wm. Smith, Pres.**  
**ARTHUR FISHER, Sec.**

**Jersey butterine.** Nash. It's a stem-winder.

**Walter Baker's chocolate.** 24c. Nash. The new serial which starts in this paper tonight.

**Fresh eggs.** 20c doz. Nash.

**Water color paintings by Ella P. Smith** will be for sale hereafter at Sutherland's bookstore.

**Potatoes.** 65c bu. Nash.

A special meeting is hereby called of Olive Lodge No. 27, D. of H. A. O. U. W., for this evening at 7:30 sharp, at West Side Old Fellows' hall. By order, C. of H. Mrs. Anna H. Klenow, Corner Stone, \$1.25. Nash.

Janesville Rebecca Lodge No. 171 and Janesville City Lodge No. 90, I. O. O. F., will give a card party and dance at the West Side I. O. O. F. hall on Tuesday evening, Jan. 30th. Everybody cordially invited to come and have a good time. Tickets, 25c. Light refreshments served.

**Calumet bag powder.** 35c pk. Nash.

**Fraternity Reserve** will give a masquerade Feb. 12th at Assembly hall. Committee in charge will leave nothing undone to make it a great success.

**Wafer-sliced dried beef.** Nash.

**The Juvenile Temple** will resume meetings tomorrow at four o'clock at Good Templars' hall. Important business will be taken up. Mrs. Ellen Kellogg, Supt.

**Lewis lye.** 3 for 25c. Nash.

**Northern spy apples.** 40c pk. Nash.

**Golden russet apples.** 30c pk. Nash.

**Fresh roasted each week.** the best 25c coffee on earth. Nash.

**Peanut butter.** Nash.

**Pork chops and loin roasts.** 11c. Nash.

**Shoulder roasts pork.** 9c. Nash.

**Rock County Bar Association.**

There will be a special meeting of the association at the office of J. B. Dow, Beloit, Wis., Tuesday at ten o'clock a. m. for the purpose of taking suitable action in reference to the death and burial of Silas W. Menzies, whose funeral will take place at his late residence on Broad street, Beloit, at eleven o'clock a. m. Tuesday. Members attending from Janesville will please take the 9:15 car.

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**MASTER MECHANIC**

**J. HEATH RESIGNS**

**Former Janesville Engineer and  
Round House Foreman Leaves  
Service of Northwestern.**

John Heath, master mechanic of the Wisconsin and Madison divisions of the North-Western road, with offices at the Chicago avenue shops, Chicago, has resigned and will leave the service of the company on the first of February. In his announcement to the engineers and firemen, whom he served under him, he says that he leaves the employ of the company to take a few years' rest and enjoy life in ease for a time. He thanks them for their helpful services and hearty cooperation, and asks them to assist his successor as they have him. It is rumored that his assistant, Mr. Wade, will rise to the vacant place and also that Thomas Erickson of Ashland, until recently general foreman at the roundhouse here, will succeed Wade in the assistantship. Mr. Heath entered the employ of the railroad company about forty-four years ago and for a long term served as engineer on a passenger run between Fond du Lac and Janesville, when the crews of the Fond du Lac-Chicago passengers were changed here. From that position he stepped up into the formanship here, succeeding Haywood on August 1, 1889, when the latter went to Chicago as master mechanic to fill the place vacated by the accidental death of Mr. Mallow. On February 1, 1892, Mr. Heath was advanced again and has for many years held the Master Mechanic's place at Chicago. He has many old friends here who expect that he will pay them a visit in the next few days. George Rood, foreman of the Janesville wrecking crew, this morning received an announcement from Mr. Heath, extending thanks for former services and wishing the recipient future prosperity and happiness.

**NEUMONIA WEATHER  
REPORT THE DOCTORS**

**This is the Time of the Year to Take  
Care of Your Health, is  
the Warning.**

"Let every man, woman and child avoid getting chilled or coming into contact with draughts," is the advice of a local physician, who was questioned regarding the sudden changes of temperature which have characterized the past few days. The doctor continued:

"That is the best advice I can give the public for safeguarding the health from the dangers that will accompany this sudden change. The greatest danger will arise from colds that may be contracted if persons are careless about being chilled. In addition to pneumonia, there is the danger of bronchitis, influenza, and the other diseases of the respiratory tract. These great changes of temperature produce diphtheria also. With ordinary care in steady cold weather or warm weather, the health is not in so much danger, but if a cold is contracted the vitality is lowered so that the system is in a condition to more readily become the prey of disease germs."

Janesville people cannot be too careful in the matter of dress during this period of sudden weather changes. Rubbers and overshoes are absolutely necessary to protect the health, and heavy winter caps should not be discarded for lighter garments in the warmer intervals. The present weather is a prolific breeder of pneumonia, though not a great many cases of the disease exist in Janesville at the present time.

**LATE LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF**

**Jersey butterine.** Nash. It's a stem-winder.

**Walter Baker's chocolate.** 24c. Nash. The new serial which starts in this paper tonight.

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**WILL OF LATE**

**STANLEY SMITH**

**HAS BEEN FILED IN THE PROBATE  
COURT.**

**LEAVES \$500 TO LIBRARY**

**And \$500 to First Baptist Church—  
\$100 to Baptist Church  
of Union.**

By the will of the late Stanley B. Smith, filed in the office of the county court, the Janesville library board will receive \$500 to be devoted to the purchase of pictures, the First Baptist church of this city \$500, and the Baptist church of the town of Union \$100.

**Bequests to Relatives.**

To his sister, Mrs. Mary K. Richardson, he leaves \$1,000, and to her children—Florence, Lulu, Amy, Archie, Herbert, and Roy—\$1,000 each. To his sister, Mrs. Francis Alsop, he also leaves \$1,000 and a like sum to each of her children—Grace and Mabel. To his wife's mother, Mrs. Logan, he leaves an annuity of 1,500 a year. His watch and chain is bequeathed to Stanley Yonce.

**Balance to His Wife.**

To his wife he leaves the house and lot and furniture, and all the residue of his real and personal property not provided for as described above.

**LOCAL LADS TOOK  
MOST THE HONORS**

**Won in Basketball and Secured Nine-  
teen of Twenty-Seven Points  
in Athletic Meet.**

In the Interurban Athletic Conference in the Rockford Y. M. C. A. gymnasium Saturday the Janesville delegation of nineteen boys carried off the honors, winning 19 of the 27 points in the track events and capturing first place in basketball. The meet was open to boys from twelve to eighteen years of age from the associations of Rockford, Freeport, Belvidere and Janesville, and over a hundred and fifty participated. Honors in the athletic meet, which was the first event of the day's program, went to Janesville. Baker proved himself the star, winning first in all three of the events. The winners follow:

**Events and Games.**

**Standing hop, step and jump.** Baker, Janesville, first; distance, 23 feet 10 inches; Hill, Freeport, second; Strang, Janesville, third.

**Ten-yard dash.** Baker, Janesville, first; Strang, Janesville, second; Skinner, Freeport, third.

**Standing broad jump.** Baker, Janesville, first; distance, 15 feet 9 inches; Hill, Freeport, second; Frantz, Belvidere, third.

This jump was three inches better than the record made at the Wisconsin state conference held at Oshkosh on last Thanksgiving day, in which Baker secured second place.

In basketball Janesville won from Freeport by a score of 34 to 17. Belvidere beat Rockford 22 to 19. In the final game Janesville beat Belvidere by the score of 34 to 31. The basketball squad was made up of Kilmer, Baker, Richards, Benison, Strang and Cunningham. Janesville secured 18 points; Freeport, 7; Belvidere, 1; Rockford, 0.

**Boys' Conference.**

At the conclusion of the meet dinner was served in the parlors. Events on the afternoon's program were a chalk talk by Frank Regan and a boys' conference, conducted by the boys themselves. Following this two lines of association work was discussed, Elsworth Strang speaking for Janesville on the "Religious Work" and Roger Cunningham on "Summer Camps." The latter hours of the afternoon were devoted to visiting different points of interest about the city. The picnic, which has been held annually for some years, was one of the most successful since the plan was adopted, and the Rockford juniors proved themselves royal hosts in entertaining. The Janesville party was in charge of Secretary Kline and Physical Director Ward. Secretary Hawkins chaperoned the Belvidere boys and the Freeport delegation was looked after by Boys' Secretary, E. C. Steele and Physical Director F. C. Rogers.

**Notice.**

I have bought out the business of Geo. Thorpe, 23 North Main street, and will conduct a first-class meat market. Give us a trial.

**A. E. JONES.**

**Remnant and odd lot sale—4 days.** Wednesday, Jan. 31st, to Saturday, Feb. 3d. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

**THE WEATHER**

Temperature last 24 hours taken from registered thermometer at Helm-street's drugstore: highest, 37; lowest, 28; at 7 a. m., 30; at 3 p. m., 35; wind, north; beautiful day though partly cloudy.

**CHARLES DEVED PASSAGE  
AN ORGANIST OF ABILITY**

Visitor from Towanda, Pa., Played Morning and Evening at Methodist Church.

Charles Deved, Passage, Jr., of Towanda, Pa., who is a guest of John F. Sweeney, played the organ at the Central Methodist church during yesterday's morning and evening services, and proved himself an artist of extraordinary technique and rare understanding in the difficult compositions which he essayed. Some of the numbers were: the opening Choral and Toccata by Boellmann, the offertory—"Dreams"—by Wagner, Fantasia by Pollini, Elegie by Jackson, Trauer and Romance by Schumann, and Allegro in E by Saint-Saens. Mr. Passage departs for the east tomorrow.

**Notice.**

There will be a meeting of the Janesville Humane society at the office of Valentine Brothers at 7:30 p. m. Monday, Jan. 29, 1906.

**RICHARD VALENTINE, Pres.**

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There will be a meeting of the Jan



# .....Prominent People.....



COUNT TARO KATSURA  
(Japanese Premier, Who is the First Governor of Korea.)



LA FAYETTE MEMORIAL STATUE.  
(To Be Unveiled in the Very Near Future.)



GEN. THEODORE A. BINGHAM.  
(Successor to William McAdoo as Police Commissioner of New York.)



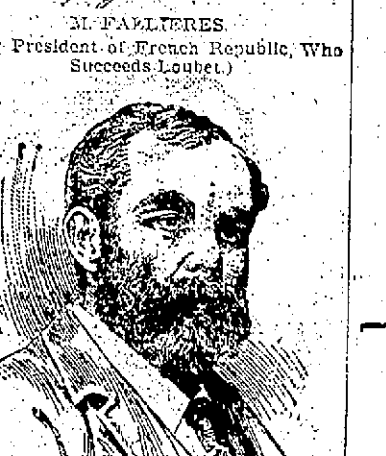
E. JESSE WILLIAMS.  
(Treasurer and Disbursing Officer of Panama Canal Commission.)



GEN. JACOB H. SMITH  
(He Says Everybody in America Is Too Busy to Lead.)



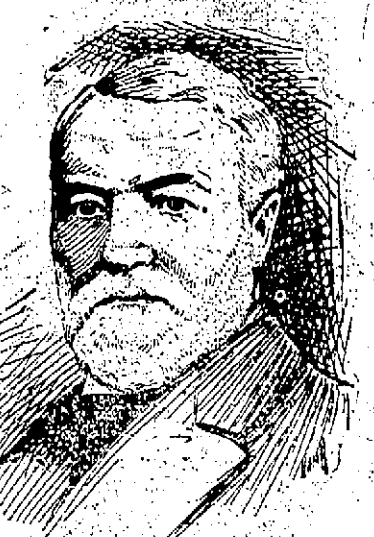
ALEXANDER E. ORR.  
(New President of the New York Life Insurance Company.)



JOHN BURNS.  
(President of Local Government Board in New British Cabinet.)



YUNG-HSING-WEN.  
(One of the Chinese Boys Attending at West Point.)



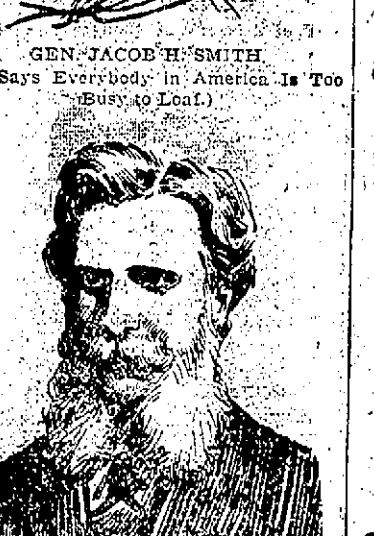
ANDREW CARNEGIE.  
(Former Steel Magnate Engaged in Philanthropic Work.)



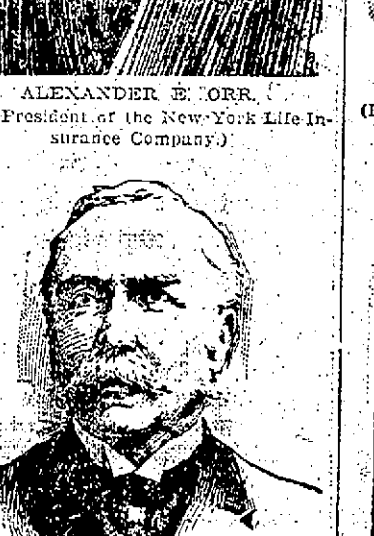
MRS. BETTY GREEN.  
(Declared to Be the Richest Woman of the Present Age.)



COUNT BONI DE CASTELLANE.  
(Who Will Spend \$200,000 to Entertain Portuguese King.)



LORD CURZON.  
(Former Viceroy Who Has Been Honored by Gift of Earldom.)



SIR HENRY CAMPBELL-BANNERMAN.  
(Premier of Great Britain Who Has Succeeded Balfour.)



JOHN M. GEARIN.  
(Appointed by Governor of Oregon to Succeed Late Senator Mitchell.)



WALTER W. LEE.  
(Who Has Risen to Vice President of Bank in 14 Years.)



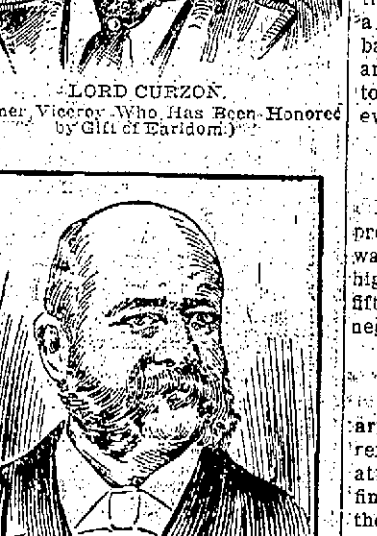
COUNTESS WITTE.  
(Wife of Minister-President of Russia.)



COUNT BONI DE CASTELLANE.  
(Who Will Spend \$200,000 to Entertain Portuguese King.)



LORD CURZON.  
(Former Viceroy Who Has Been Honored by Gift of Earldom.)



ANTHONY COMSTOCK.  
(Gotham's Puritan Crusader, Who Suppressed Shaw Play.)

## DOCTOR SUES FOR \$1,000 FEE

Wants Sheriff to Keep Promise Regarding Man He Had Shot.

Bloomington, Ill., Jan. 29.—"Save his life and I will pay you \$1,000," is the exclamation credited to Sheriff James White of Logan county to a physician called to attend William Hatchett, a young man who had been accidentally shot by the sheriff in trying to take into custody the insane father of Hatchett. The bullet perforated the intestines of the victim and it was feared that he would die. He finally recovered, and Dr. Crosby, the physician, summoned, demanded his \$1,000. Payment was refused, the sheriff claiming that the county should pay the bill. A suit has been filed against the sheriff by the physician. The outcome is attracting much attention in central Illinois. It will establish an important precedent regarding such claims.

## IS UNAWARE OF WIFE'S MURDER

Messages Announcing Tragedy Fail to Reach Millionaire Canfield.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 29.—C. A. Canfield, the oil magnate, is still unaware of the tragic death of his wife, who was murdered by their former coachman, Morris Buck, because she refused to give him \$2,000. Messages telling him of the news have been sent to him almost hourly since the death of his wife. Yet so far as has been learned the husband is still unaware of the tragedy. Canfield is somewhere in Mexico.

## Tainted Money for Carrie Nation

Guthrie, Ok., Jan. 29.—Mrs. Carrie Nation has sold her brick building known as the Harvest Home mission to a firm of wholesale liquor dealers for \$10,000. As Mrs. Nation's office was moved out barrels of liquor were moved in.

## Merchant Is Electrocuted

Mishawaka, Ind., Jan. 29.—Edward J. Perkins, a merchant, was electrocuted by grasping a wall bracket which in some way had become charged with electricity.

## Buy Electric Line

St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 29.—The Benton Harbor & St. Joseph electric railway has been sold to J. G. McMichael of Chicago.

## Broken Bones Refuse to Unite

Newcastle, Ind., Jan. 29.—Mrs. Ella Pope is dead in this city as the result of injuries sustained two years ago in Pennsylvania. Her right leg was broken and the bones refused to unite. Her case puzzled physicians.

## Arrest Pat Crowe's Protege

Marion, Ind., Jan. 29.—Charles Byrd, protege of Pat Crowe, was arrested here by a deputy sheriff. He is charged with attempting to blackmail three women of Marion.

## Present for Miss Alice

Paris, Jan. 29.—A dispatch to the Echo de Paris from Milan says that King Victor Emmanuel has commissioned a Milan jeweler to execute a magnificent piece of jewelry to be given as a wedding present to Miss Alice Roosevelt.

## Insane Convict at Large

Michigan City, Ind., Jan. 29.—Stanislaus Kaprawski, a convict, escaped from the state prison and armed with a large knife, is terrorizing country people north of here. He is thought to be insane.

## Taking No Chances

"Perhaps," suggested the waiter, "you would like a Welsh rabbit." "No," said the austere customer, "I am a vegetarian." "A Welsh rabbit is made of cheese, you know, sir." "As I said before, I am a vegetarian."—Chicago Tribune.

## Reading Her Face

Mabel (not in her first youth).—First of all he held my hands, and told my fortune; and then Evie, he gazed into my face ever so long, and said he could read my thoughts. Wasn't that clever of him, dear?

## Evie—Oh, I suppose he read between the lines, darling.—Punch.

## Invincible

Norah—You take Tom out in your auto every day, don't you? He appears to be a necessary fixture in the machine.

## Cora—He is. He's an automatic sparkler.—Cleveland Leader.

## Joys of Missionary Bishop

Dr. William Dudley, bishop of New Caledonia, told recently some of the joys of a missionary bishop: "I travel about my diocese with a tent, a bundle of blankets and a Gladstone bag. I do my own cooking, washing and mending, though I take care not to have too many things to mend. I even know how to make yeast."

## Court on Railway Speed

La Porte, Ind., Jan. 27.—The supreme court held that running a railway train over an ordinary county highway grade crossing at the rate of fifty miles an hour is not necessarily negligence.

## Refined Cannibals

"While it is true," said the missionary, "that my dusky parishioners will refuse to abandon cannibalism, I may at least claim credit for having so refined and uplifted them that now they eat altogether with knives and forks."—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

## Few Suicides in London

London has fewer suicides than any other great capital. While Paris has 400 suicides for each million a year, London has only 30.

## Eight-Hour Law Is Defeated

Washington, Jan. 29.—By a vote of 120 to 108 the house Saturday waived the eight-hour law for alien labor on the Panama canal. The provision is contained in an amendment to the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, which was passed.

## PHILIPPINE TARIFF

Measure to Be Allowed to Die After Report Is Made.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The present status of the Philippine tariff bill is worrying friends of the administration. It is freely predicted by many prominent leaders that the pending bill will never be reported from the Senate Philippines committee, but will die a painless death. This is vigorously denied by Senator Lodge, chair man of the committee. He says the bill must be modified to meet certain objections, and that it will be reported. The preponderance of sentiment is that a report will be made. This will be done out of courtesy to Mr. Lodge, if nothing else.

Senator Dick has been credited with holding the balance of power in the committee, but this is doubtful. The committee comprises thirteen members, six of them being aligned on each side, with Mr. Dick not yet committed. As a matter of fact, Senators Dick, Stone and Culberson, are all undecided as to the attitude they will assume.

There is pronounced hostility to the Philippine tariff bill as it stands, both in and out of committee. Senators Hale, Burrows and Brandegee are opposed to it because it damages the beet sugar and tobacco interests. Senators Lodge and Beveridge favor it. Further hearings will be held before any effort is made to secure a report. Many changes will be suggested and some made. It is believed a report will then be possible.

## To Probe Naval Evils

Washington, Jan. 29.—Conditions in the United States navy are now a subject of concern to many officials of the government and other persons who have the efficiency and welfare of the service at heart. Since the war with Spain the navy has had liberal treatment from congress. The annual budget is now and promises to remain in the neighborhood of \$100,000,000. A succession of unfortunate circumstances, consisting of the Bennington disaster, the grounding of battleships in New York harbor and the disclosures of hazing practices at the naval academy, have caused some public men, notably in congress, to question their previous confidence in the navy service. So far as senators and members of congress are concerned, the question of punishing hazing at Annapolis is the most serious thing at hand. The year is expressed that the present investigation, if pursued to the end, will result in the dismissal of fifty or perhaps 100 upper class men. In the house naval affairs committee there is a disposition to think the hazing has been winked at, and the real cure is to be obtained through the court-martial of the officers who have been remiss in their duty.

## Home for Papal Legation

Washington, Jan. 29.—Ground was broken here Saturday for the new residence of the apostolic delegate, which is to be situated on Baltimore street in a fashionable section of the city. The home will cost \$100,000 and is to be finished in October.

## A HEALTHY OLD AGE

OFTEN THE BEST PART OF LIFE

Help for Women Passing Through Change of Life

Providence has allotted us each at least seventy years in which to fulfill our mission in life, and it is generally our own fault if we die prematurely.

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Mrs. Mary Koehne

## Nervous exhaustion invites disease

This statement is the positive truth. When everything becomes a burden and you cannot walk a few blocks without excessive fatigue, and you break out into perspiration easily, and your face flushes, and you grow excited and shaky, at the least provocation, and you cannot bear to be crossed in anything, you are in danger; your nerves have given out; you need building up at once! To build up woman's nervous system and during the period of change of life we know of no better medicine than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Here is an illustration: Mrs. Mary E. Koehne, 371 Garfield Avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for years in my family and it never disappoints so when I felt that was nearing the change of life I commenced treatment with it. I took in all about six bottles and it did me a great deal of good. It stopped my dizzy spells, pain in my back and the headaches which had suffered for months before taking the Compound. I feel that if it had not been for this great medicine for women that I should not have been alive to-day. It is splendid for women old or young, and will surely cure all female disorders."

Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick and ailing women to write her for advice. Her great experience is at their service, free of cost.

There is One Soda Cracker

and Only One.

You do not know that Soda Cracker until you know

**Uneeda Biscuit**

To taste Uneeda Biscuit is to fall in love with them. You never forget that first taste, and you renew it every time you eat Uneeda Biscuit —

5¢ In a dust tight, moisture proof package.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY



16,000 PEOPLE 16,000

**DR. BREWER**

Will show you the names, the record of medicines used and the results obtained of over 15,000 people treated by him.

THIS EXPERIENCE SHOULD BE WORTH SOMETHING TO THE SICK.

If you have met DR. BREWER you know him to be candid and honest in all he tells you. He never sacrifices manhood for the dollar and he professes to perform wonders, but to CURE ALL CURABLE DISEASES. He has had the largest experience of any doctor in the United States in the treatment of chronic diseases. DO NOT GIVE UP! OTHER DOCTORS FAIL!

GET THE BENEFIT OF HIS EXPERIENCE FREE

We are prepared to show successful results in treating diseases of the Liver, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Kidneys, Brain, Nerves, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Debility, Nervous Prostration, Cancers, Old Sores, Tumors, Fits, Dropsy, Psoriasis, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Influenza, Asthma, Scrofula, Pimples, Eruptions, Emissions, Botches and diseases long standing.

ADDRESS: F. B. BREWER, 1234 CHICAGO AVE., EVANSTON, ILL.  
Dr. Brewer will be at the Park House, Janesville, Saturday, Feb. 3.

## THE MAN ON THE BOX

By HAROLD MacGRATH

Author of "The Grey Cloak," "The Puppet Crown."

Is a Washington story that will appeal strongly to all American readers, for it is typically an American story in which the only villain is a Russian government spy, and he plays the part to perfection.

## The Man on the Box

is a young army officer whose vein of humor leads him into difficulties which afford amusement for others at his expense.

Look for the Opening Chapters in this issue under the heading of

## THE MAN ON THE BOX

WANT advertising has just enough of the "spice of chance" to make it interesting — for the right person does, sometimes, fail to see the first insertion of the ad.

## PRINTERS ON STRIKE IN BOSTON

Job Men Vote to Go Out Feb. 1 for Eight-Hour Day.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 29.—A strike in the book and job printing shops of this city and vicinity, beginning Feb. 1, was voted Sunday by Boston Typographical union, No. 13. The strike will affect all shops in which the eight-hour work day has not been established and it is expected that 1,000 printers will go out. The union also adopted a new scale which provides for the new eight-hour day instead of the nine. The adoption of the scale and the proposition to strike was unanimous.

## GEORGIA COUNTY JAIL BURNS

Deaths May Result From Injuries Received by Georgia Prisoners.

McRae, Ga., Jan. 29.—About 7:30 o'clock Sunday night the Telfair county jail was discovered on fire. Five prisoners in the structure were badly burned, the injuries of some of whom may prove fatal. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is supposed to have been the work of the prisoners, who hoped to effect their escape.

## COLD WEATHER SPECIALS.

Men's Heavy Wool Pants, Marx & Haas make in dark and medium colors, all sizes, at a pair \$2  
Men's Heavy Mixed Pants, in medium and dark colors, at a pair \$1.50  
Men's Cotton Pants in dark stripes, at a pair \$1  
Sample line of men's lined Leather Mittens, lined mocha gloves and ladies' and children's Golf Gloves, at interesting prices.  
Children's Heavy Fleece-Lined Underwear, regular 30c goods, all sizes, special at each 25c

MRS. E. HALL,  
55 W. Milwaukee Street

## Business Directory

Flour and Feed

The place to buy and sell grain and corn. The best place in Janesville to have your grain and New Mill, Largest capacity.



# THE MAN ON THE BOX

By HAROLD MACGRATH  
Author of "The Grey Cloak," "The Puppet Crown."

Copyright, 1904, The Bobbs-Merrill Company.

## CHAPTER I.

### INTRODUCES MY HERO.

Warburton was graduated from West Point, ticketed to a desolate frontier post, and would have worn out his existence there but for his guiding star, which was always making frantic efforts to bolt its established orbit. One day he was doing scout duty, perhaps half a mile in advance of the pay-train as they called the picturesque caravan which, consisting of a canopied wagon and a small troop of cavalry in dingy blue, made progress across the desert-like plain of Arizona. The troop was some ten miles from the post, and as there had been no sign of Red Eagle all that day, they concluded that the rumor of his being on a drunken rampage with half a dozen braves was only a rumor. Warburton had just passed over a roll of earth, and for a moment the pay-train had dropped out of sight. It was twilight, opalescent waves of heat rolled above the blistered sands. A pale yellow sky, like an inverted bowl rimmed with delicate blue and crimson hues, encompassed the world. The bliss of solitude fell on him, and, being something of a poet, he rose to the stars. The smoke of his corn-cob pipe trailed lazily behind him. The horse under him was loping along easily.



SUDDENLY THE ANIMAL LIFTED HIS HEAD.

Suddenly the animal lifted his head, and his brown ears went forward.

At Warburton's left, some hundred yards distant, was a clump of sage brush. Even as he looked, there came a puff of smoke, followed by the evil song of a bullet. My hero's hat was carried away. He wheeled, dug his heels into his horse, and cut back over the trail. There came a second flash, a shock, and then a terrible pain in the calf of his left leg. He fell over the neck of his horse to escape the third bullet. He could see the Apache as he stood out from behind the bush. Warburton yanked out his Colt and let fly. He heard a yell. It was very comforting. That was all he remembered of the skirmish.

For five weeks he languished in the hospital. During that time he came to the conclusion that he had had enough of military life in the west. He applied for his discharge, as the compulsory term of service was at an end. When his papers came he was able to get about with the aid of a crutch. One morning his colonel entered his subaltern's bachelor quarters.

"Wouldn't you rather have a year's leave of absence than quit altogether, Warburton?"

"A year's leave of absence?" cried the invalid. "I am likely to get that, I am."

"If you held a responsible position I dare say it would be difficult. As it is, I may say that I can obtain it for you. It will be months before you can ride a horse with that leg."

"I thank you, Col. Raleigh, but I think I'll resign. In fact, I have resigned."

"We can withdraw that, if you but say the word. I don't want to lose you, lad. You're the only man around here who likes a joke as well as I do. And you will have a company if you'll only stick to it a little longer."

"I have decided, Colonel. I'm sorry you feel like this about it. You see, I have something like \$25,000 laid away. I want to see at least \$5,000 worth of new scenery before I shuffle off this mortal coil. The scenery around here pulls on me. My throat and eyes are always full of sand. I am off to Europe. Some day, perhaps, the bee will buzz again; and when it does, I'll have you go personally to the president."

"As you please, Warburton."

"Besides, Colonel, I have been reading Treasure Island again, and I've got the fever in my veins to hunt adventure, even a treasure. It's in my blood to wander and do strange things, and here I've been hampered all these years with routine. I shouldn't care if I had a good fight once in a while. My poor old dad traveled around the world three times, and I haven't seen any thing of it but the maps."

"Go ahead, then. Only, talking about Treasure Island, don't you and your \$25,000 run into some old Long John Silver."

"I'll take care."

And Mr. Robert packed up his kit and sailed away. Not many months

passed ere he met his colonel again, and under rather embarrassing circumstances.

## CHAPTER II.

### INTRODUCES MY HEROINE.

Let me begin at the beginning. The boat had been two days off of Southampton before the fog cleared away. On the afternoon of the third day Warburton curled up in his steamer-chair and lazily viewed the blue October seas as they met and merged with the blue October skies. I do not recollect the popular novel of that summer, but at any rate it lay flapping at the side of his chair, forgotten.

At this particular moment this hero of mine was going over the monotony of the old days in Arizona, the sand-deserts, the unlovely landscapes, the dull routine, the indifferent skirmishes with cattle-men and Indians; the pagan-bullet which had plowed through his leg. And now it was all over; he had surrendered his straps; he was a private citizen, with an income sufficient for his needs. It will go a long way, \$4,500 a year. If one does not attempt to cover the distance in a \$5,000 motor-car, and he hated all locomotion that was not horse-flesh.

For nine months he had been wandering over Europe. If not happy, at least in a satisfied frame of mind. Four of these months had been delightfully passed in Paris; and as his nomadic excursions had invariably terminated in that queen of cities, I make Paris the starting point of his somewhat remarkable adventures. Besides, it was in Paris that he first saw her. And now, here he was at last, home-ward-bound. That phrase had a mighty pleasant sound; it was to the ear what honey is to the tongue. Still he might yet have been in Paris but for one thing: She was on board this very boat.

Suddenly his eyes opened full wide, bright with eagerness. "It's she!" he murmured. He closed his eyes again, the hypocrite! Permit me to introduce you to my heroine. Mind you, she is not my creation, only Heaven may produce her like and but once. She is well worth turning around to gaze at. Indeed I know more than one fine gentleman who forgot the time of day, the important engagement, or the trend of his thought, when she passed by.

She was coming forward, leaning against the wind and inclining to the uncertain roll of the ship. A gray raincoat fitted snugly the youthful, rounded figure. Her hands were plunged into the pockets. You may be sure that Mr. Robert noted through his half-closed eyelids these inconspicuous details. A tourist hat sat jauntily on the fine light brown hair, that color which has no appropriate metaphor. (At least, I have never found one, and I am not in love with her and never was.) Warburton his (described to me her eyes, so I am positive that they were as heavenly blue as a rajah's sapphire. Her height is of no moment. What man ever troubled himself about the height of a woman so long as he wasn't undersized himself? What pleased Warburton was the exquisite skin. He was always happy with his companions, and particularly when he likened her skin to the bloomy olive pallor of a young peach. The independent stride was distinguishingly American. Ah, the charm of these women who are my countrywomen! They come, they go, alone, unattended, courageous without being bold, self-reliant without being rude, inimitable. In what an amiable frame of mind Nature must have been on the day she cast these models! But I proceed. The young woman's chin was tilted, and Warburton could tell by the dilated nostrils that she was breathing in the gale with all the joy of living, filling her healthy lungs with it as that rare daughter of the Cyprian Isle might have done as she sprang that morn from the jeweled Mediterranean spray that beggars brooch of Neptune's.

Warburton's heart hadn't thrilled so since the day when he first donned cadet gray. There was scarce any room for her to pass between his chair and the rail, and this knowledge filled the "rascal" with exultation. "Nearer and nearer she came. He drew in his breath as the corner of his foot-rest (aided by the sky wind) caught her rain-coat."

"I beg your pardon!" he said, sitting up.

She quickly released her coat, smiled faintly, and passed on.

Sometimes the most lasting impressions are those which are printed most lightly on the memory. Mr. Robert says that he never will forget that first smile. And he didn't even know her name then.

I was about to engage your attention with a description of the villain, but on second thought I have decided that it would be rather unfair. For at that moment he was at a disadvantage. Nature was punishing him for a few shortcomings. The steward that night informed Warburton, in answer to his inquiries, that he, the villain, was dreadfully seasick, and was begging him, the steward, to scuttle the ship and have done with it. I have my doubts regarding this. Mr. Robert is inclined to flippancy at times. It wasn't seasickness; and after all it is said and done, it is putting it harshly to call this man a villain. I recant. True villainy is always based upon selfishness. Remember this, my wise

ones.

Warburton was somewhat subdued when he learned that the suffering gentleman was her father.

"What did you say the name was?" he asked innocently. Until now he hadn't had the courage to put the question to any one, or to prowl around the purser's books.

"Annesley," Col. Annesley and daughter," answered the unsuspecting steward.

## PESTS ATTACK

## INSANE ASYLUM

### Smallpox Breaks Out in State

### Institution at Jacksonville, Ill.

### THREE CASES HAVE DEVELOPED

Secretary of State Board of Health Orders Strict Quarantine and Vaccination of 1,200 Patients and 500 Employees as Precaution.

Jacksonville, Ill., Jan. 29.—Much apprehension is felt in this city as a result of the epidemic of smallpox which has broken out at the state hospital for the insane. The authorities at the institution say there is no much danger of the disease spreading, but the opinion has gained ground among the townspeople that the situation is worse than is indicated by the official reports.

The bad feature of the situation is that of the three cases at the hospital Charles Manuell, the only patient afflicted with the disease, is a "trustworthy" inmate who is only slightly insane, and who is utilized to do errands and light work by the hospital management. In this capacity he traveled about the grounds of the institution and was in daily intercourse with citizens in the south end of the city.

Specialists Are Called. The other two patients are John Swanson, electrician, and E. E. Lodson, an attendant, whose home is at Mount Sterling. The first case developed Jan. 15 and the last one on Saturday. Dr. E. F. Baker, member of the state board of health, was called when the first case appeared, but the facts were not made public until Saturday, when Dr. J. A. Egan, secretary of the state board of health, and Dr. L. B. Baldwin of Chicago, a specialist in skin diseases, were called and made an examination.

Quarantine Is Established. A strict quarantine has been instituted against visitors and no one will be allowed to enter the grounds. Big smallpox placards adorn the main entrance to the institution.

Dr. Egan has given orders that all inmates and attendants be vaccinated and this work has already begun. It is a monumental task, as there are over 1,200 patients, besides 500 employees.

The physicians in charge of the institution say that the three cases are of a mild character.

Says Cases Are Mild. Springfield, Ill., Jan. 29.—Dr. J. A. Egan, secretary of the State Board of Health, returned Sunday from Jacksonville, where he has been investigating the cases of smallpox which have appeared in the hospital for the insane at that place. When he left two cases had been diagnosed as smallpox and a third had the appearance of being smallpox, though not sufficiently developed to warrant a positive statement regarding its nature.

The first case, which appeared in the hospital was so light that it was not recognized as smallpox, and the patient was on the road to recovery before there was any suspicion regarding the nature of the disease.

Dr. Egan said that he felt hopeful that the disease would be stamped out and would not be permitted to become epidemic. The cases which have appeared are unusually light and he said it was on this account that they were not recognized in the first instance.

MAD MURDERER KILLS HIMSELF

### Body of Minneapolis Dentist's Slayer Found in a Cornfield.

Ashley, N. D., Jan. 29.—The body of Henry Folkenson, murderer of W. L. Drake, a prominent Minneapolis dentist, was found Sunday in a cornfield near the outskirts of the city. Indications show that he ended his own life. Folkenson claimed that Drake owed him \$45 cents for a small job. Drake denied owing the bill and Folkenson became very angry, threatening revenge. He left Drake's office where the quarrel occurred, and returned a short time afterward with a revolver. He fired two shots, which took effect in Dr. Drake's right breast and stomach. The victim died in ten minutes.

### PLAN TO KIDNAP GOV. TAYLOR

Mayor of Indianapolis Says He Was Offered \$25,000 to Assist.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 29.—Mayor Bookwalter created sensation by announcing that he had been offered \$25,000 by prominent Kentuckians if he would aid in kidnapping former Gov. Taylor of Kentucky, who is wanted on a charge of complicity in the murder of Gov. Goebel.

Rodenberg Seeks Renomination. Waterloo, Ill., Jan. 29.—Congressman Rodenberg of the Twenty-second district has sent out petitions for renomination by the coming congressional convention.

Murderer of Girl to Hang. Kansas City, Jan. 29.—Austin Francis, convicted of the murder of his sweetheart, Winona Newton, aged 15, was sentenced to be hanged March 15.

Crushed to Death by Girder. Pittsburgh, Jan. 29.—William Hodger was killed and Charles McGuire was fatally injured by a large iron girder falling upon them.

There's a cure for old age, an excellent and thorough one. There is nothing sensational about it. It is the best the doctors can find under existing circumstances. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 25 cents, tea or tablets. Smith Drug Co.

And drink Rocky Mountain Tea. Like crystals fair of morning dew. Your complexion now can be. If you will take this good advice. Smith Drug Co.

Men are quite as eager as women to cultivate good looks. We know of hundreds of men in this vicinity that are taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Smart fellows. 25 cents, tea or tablets. Smith Drug Co.

Wants ad mean business.

# Lee Turns on His Pursuers

A FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY WAR STORY

April 5-8, 1865

[Copyright, 1905, by G. L. Kilmer.]

After evacuating Richmond and Petersburg the night of April 2 and 3, 1865, Lee, marching with the troops under his immediate command, in the Petersburg lines westward along the railroad running to Danville, Va., the point which President Davis had selected as the new capital of the Confederacy. General John B. Gordon's corps formed the Confederate rear guard, and General R. S. Ewell's corps was the last in Lee's regular column. General Longstreet led the vanguard.

General Grant and General Meade set out from Petersburg on April 5 to follow upon Lee's heels, with three army corps, the Second, Fifth and Sixth, led respectively by General Humphreys, General Griffin and General Wright. The Federal Army of the James, under command of General Ord, marched westward on a more southerly route than that followed by Lee and Grant, hoping to intercept the Confederate retreat. Meanwhile Sheridan, with the cavalry column, struck out still farther west to get between Lee and Danville.

General Gordon's men kept up a running fight with the pursuing Federals, particularly at the crossings of streams and the passes over ridges, but the march was continuous. Grant's advance moving rapidly with skirmishers and artillery. This pursuit, by the Grant column, lasted all day the 6th, ending at night at Salter's creek, fourteen miles ahead, where an important action closed the heavy fighting of the campaign. The operations on the front of the line began on the morning of the 6th. General Longstreet's corps had been pushed on in advance of Lee's army and during the night of the 5th had reached Rice's Station, on the South Side railroad, between Burkeville and Farmville. This brought him in front of Ord's army of the James at Burkeville. Fitz Lee's Confederate cavalry was close up with Longstreet's. Sheridan was in the vicinity.

General Ord, who believed that Lee was marching down the Danville road on Burkeville, sent out a detachment of two regiments of about 500 men and his headquarters cavalry, eighty strong, under Colonel Francis Washington, to intercept Longstreet's column. Colonel Theodore B. Read of Ord's staff led the enterprise. The Confeder-

ates were the command of General T. L. Rosser and numbered about 1,600. When Rosser saw Read's column moving around Longstreet's flank he started in pursuit and overtook it about midway between Rice's Station and Farmville, some distance west of the railroad. Read had posted his infantry along the edge of an oak forest. Rosser sent a dismounted column led by General Munford against Read's front and a column in saddle, led by General Dearing, to make a flank attack. General Washington then led the eighty cavalrymen and charged Dearing and engaged him in a hand to hand fight. According to Rosser, all of the Federal troops were killed, wounded or captured. Rosser charged upon the infantry and drove them through the woods, killing Read in the night. The infantry then raised the white flag. Read had failed to destroy the bridges that his stubborn action had alarmed the Confederates, and no forward movement had been made by Longstreet. Rosser returned to Rice's Station and found the men of Ord confronting Longstreet. Lee made a change of programme by which his army was to avoid Burkeville and cross the Appomattox at High Bridge and Farmville. This drew the corps of Anderson, Ewell and Gordon in the same direction. On the morning of this same day Sheridan had directed General Crook, who commanded the cavalry of the Army of the Potomac, to move to Beattyville and ordered General Merritt to follow with the Shenandoah cavalry corps. Crook found the Confederates passing westward through Beattyville and attempted to seize one of their trains. He was re-

pulsed by Anderson's troops, and when joined by Merritt a second attempt was made. Ewell's troops were now coming up, and Anderson, aided by Ewell's advance, repulsed Crook and Merritt. Anderson came to a stand at Salter's creek, a tributary of Appomattox river, in front of the Federal cavalry. His line had a general direction east and west as the armies were marching. Crook and Merritt failed in several attempts to penetrate the Confederate line. On the east Ewell was up to Anderson and was followed closely by the Sixth corps. Ewell formed on the left of Anderson. Gordon, who was closely pursued by Humphreys' Second corps, turned off to the right or north before crossing the creek. This left Anderson and Ewell to withstand the cavalry and Wright's Sixth corps. The Sixth corps opened the battle, which cost Lee 7,000 men and many good officers, whom he could ill afford to lose at that stage. Among the Confederates captured were Ewell, Kershaw and G. W. C. Lee, son of General R. E. Lee.

The Confederate corps under Gordon and Humphreys' Second Federal corps had gone too far to the right, down Salter's creek, to take part in the battle between Anderson and the Federal cavalry and between Ewell and the Sixth corps. Humphreys' men had moved all day within sight of Gordon, maintaining the most of the way a "snack and neck" race. Encounters had been frequent, but so orderly was the Confederate retreat that a good battle front was kept up, and the Federal attacks made very little impression.

Gordon's march was on all night, and the troops reached Gainesville, placing the Appomattox between them and their pursuers. At Farmville the Confederates were rationed with provisions that had been sent up by rail.

After passing the Appomattox, which was accomplished during the night of the 6th at the two crossings, High Bridge and Farmville, Lee placed guards at the bridges and set out toward Appomattox Court House up the river. On the Federal side the Fifth corps moved up the Appomattox to Prince Edward Court House. Merritt's cavalry also went up the river on the south bank. Ord's army and Wright's Sixth corps moved to Farmville and found that Lee had destroyed the bridges. Crook's cavalry division moved in advance of Ord and Wright and, fording the river, moved rapidly in pursuit.

Colonel Gregg, whose brigade was leading Crook's column, soon met the enemy and became heavily engaged. Both Confederate infantry formed on his front and Fitz Lee with Rosser and Munford attacked him front and flank, driving back the brigade. Gregg and a number of his men were captured. Crook was now ordered out westward along the Lynchburg railroad, toward Appomattox. Sheridan's men had not yet crossed the river. Humphreys' corps started forward in pursuit of Gordon at daylight on the 7th and reached High Bridge just as the enemy was giving the last stroke to the work of destruction. The railroad bridge, crossing a wide marsh on pillars sixty feet high, was on fire, and a redoubt that served as a bridge head for the wagon bridge was being destroyed by explosives. The division of General Barlow led the Second corps, and its energetic commander sent a force at double quick and drove off the Confederates at the wagon bridge.

General Humphreys, who was on the ground, and Colonel T. L. Livermore of his staff, led a party of men to the burning railroad bridge to save it from destruction. As soon as Barlow's men attacked the Confederates at the wagon bridge the latter were re-enforced, and on being driven off at this point they rallied at the railroad bridge and attempted to defeat Colonel Livermore's men. A sharp skirmish ensued, the Confederates being underneath on the ground, while the Federals were above, putting out the fires. The structure was saved with the exception of four spans on the northern or Confederate side. Barlow's men now dashed across the wagon bridge and drove off all opposition and, bascued toward Farmville. General Humphreys, with the divisions of Nelson A. Miles and De Trobriand, moved along the roads toward Appomattox Court House.

Lee's retreat was delayed the whole of the 7th of April by the activity of Humphreys, who harassed the Confederates along the Appomattox route westward. Under cover of night Lee set out on his last march, reaching Appomattox Court House about 8 o'clock on the evening of the 8th of April. Suddenly a dash of Federal cavalry from the south gave warning that the foe was across his front. The new force was Merritt's cavalry, which the detention of Lee at the Appomattox crossings on the 7th had enabled to execute a flank march. Crook's Federal cavalry was in the vicinity, and before the pouring of the 9th Ord's column and the Fifth Federal corps arrived. Humphreys was close upon the Confederate rear guard, consisting that day of Longstreet's corps, General Gordon leading the vanguard. Lee was beset on all sides. Sheridan stood across his front on the west, the three Federal corps under Ord, Griffin and Wright were strung out south of him along the railroad, and Humphreys was closing in on the east. That was the military situation the morning of the historic 8th of April, 1865.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

Chl., Mil. & St. Paul Leave | Arrive

Chicago, Rock. & Pac.	7:30 am	10:30 am
W. & A. Ry.	8:30 am	11:30 am
Barlow, C. & S.	9:30 am	12:30 pm
Chicago & N. W.	10:30 am	1:30 pm
Chicago & N. W.	11:30 am	2:30 pm
Chicago & N. W.	12:30 pm	3:30 pm
Chicago & N. W.	1:30 pm	4:30 pm
Chicago & N. W.	2:30 pm	5:30 pm
Chicago & N. W.	3:30 pm	6:30 pm
Chicago & N. W.	4:30 pm	7:30 pm
Chicago & N. W.	5:30 pm	8:30 pm
Chicago & N. W.	6:30 pm	9:30 pm
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## Home Health Club

By DAVID H. REEDER, Ph. D., M. D.  
LA. FORT, IND.

### ENLARGED TONSILS.

Hypertrophy of the tonsils, usually called enlarged tonsils, is a condition which frequently afflicts young people of scrofulous tendencies, especially when they are exposed to dampness and cold or have formed the very bad habit of breathing through the mouth.

Among the symptoms, which appear are enlargement of the tonsils with great inflammation. Sometimes there are holes in the enlarged tonsils, which appear like sponges and pus is exuded in some cases in hard, yellow lumps. In other cases, the cavities are filled with secretions of almost stony hardness. There is usually interference with swallowing, as well as with talking. In some cases there is difficulty in breathing and hardness of hearing.

The method of treatment which is most popular among physicians is to at once operate. "Cut them out and be done with it," but I find that in many cases the first part of that advice can be carried out, yet it is not always so simple a matter to "be done with it" as it frequently happens that the condition is made worse, instead of better, by the cutting.

In only one case have I recommended surgery and I regretted it for several years, because the patient was constantly under my care and it took two years to cure, while the average case can be cured without surgery in from three to six months. In fact, some of them much more quickly, while only occasionally will it take over six months. But if each case required a full year's home treatment it is better and cheaper, as well as safer, than cutting.

In the first place, it is necessary to ascertain the exact condition at the time of beginning treatment, and to illustrate I will quote from a letter which gives a most excellent description of a certain case. Mrs. B. writes as follows:

"My son, aged 14, came home from school with a bad cold, which developed into a very sore throat. I had noticed that his voice sounded queerly, as if he had something in his mouth. I also have noticed that he seemed to be getting hard of hearing. Upon examining his throat I was greatly frightened to see two large red lumps, apparently as large as English walnuts, in his throat and I at once sent for the family doctor. He pronounced it a case of enlarged tonsils and said that as soon as the cold was better he would cut them out. I do not relish the idea and will not allow it if there is any other way of curing him. Please tell me what the Home Health Club method of treatment is for such cases. If you say have them cut out I suppose I must let it be done, but I sincerely hope you can tell me of a better way."

Now, this most excellent letter gives me a very good idea of the present condition of this case. But all are not just like this and the description must always be as complete as possible.

In the first place, we must overcome the inflammation and just how to do this was fully described in the lecture last week, so I will not need to repeat it. The only thing in addition to the cold compress that is to be used in this case is this: As soon as the reduction has progressed so far as your judgment dictates, then rub the outer surface of the throat with oil of peppermint. Then cover with a single thickness of flannel. The complete and perfect cure will be brought about by the internal administration of the tissue elements. First, so long as the inflammation continues, Ferrum. Phos. and Kali. Phos. and, as the red and inflamed condition is overcome and no discharge is noted, Calc. Phos., Kali. Phos. and Nat. Mur. While for the trouble in this case, we use Kali. Mur. if there is a discharge then we must use Calc. Sulph. and Silicea. All of these remedies, as will be readily understood, are simple, natural, chemical elements or salts of the human body and the only difference between giving them in sugar, or milk tablets or powder and in the natural, every day food is that in the former method the exact amount that is needed and can be taken up and used by the sick tissues are supplied, while in the food they are sometimes not appropriated at all because of the form in which they are presented. These remedies are sold in many places under various names, but I like the simple, original names of the cell salts.

As a gargle which is to be used morning, noon and night, Listerine or glycerine-molasses diluted one-half would either be good and greatly aid the cure. The herb blood purifier, for which I gave you a formula some time ago, to be used in all cases of scrofula, should be used for at least six months.

### CLUB NOTES.

If H. P. Buchanan, Michigan, and "One Interested," Ontario, Canada, will write again, giving their name and address in full, I will cheerfully answer their letters.

Humeston.—Dr. David H. Reeder, Laporte, Ind.—Dear Dr. Reeder: I had the gripple last March. It left me with pain in my right side, also the lower part of the right lung does not seem to be right. There is a spot about as large as the hand that feels stiff all the time with an uneasy sensation which sometimes pains me. At times the pain runs throughout the length of the lung. Other times it runs around the side to my back. Sometimes it hurts me to scoop corn. I can always feel the soreness by pressing over the place. It hurts when I take a long breath. I sometimes have a hacking cough like bronchitis, which I had several years ago. I am bothered a good deal with

rheumatism in the right arm and shoulder. I have doctored with several physicians and all seem to think it is pleurisy. If there is anything I can do to cure it, kindly tell me of it through the columns of this paper. I feel much stronger now than I did in the hot weather.—Very truly yours, Rec. No. 6516.

From the description you have given, the indications are that you not only have some pleurisy, but also suffering with rheumatism. Thorough hot fomentations will be beneficial to both conditions. The fomentations should be applied to the entire spine and you should lie upon the steaming hot fomentations for at least three-quarters of an hour. While this is doing its work of giving life to the nerves of the spine and relaxing the painful muscles of the side and shoulder, there should be applied about every ten minutes a cold compress to the sore spot on the forward part of the side. Then in your daily life follow the additional suggestion which I have made in the private letter which I have written to you, and you will get well.

Mohigan.—Dr. David H. Reeder, Laporte, Ind.—Dear Doctor: I am sorry to trouble you again so soon, but I wish to ask if good cider vinegar is not just as effective and valuable, for home use, in the various ways you recommend us to use white wine vinegar. We have an abundance of the cider vinegar of the finest quality. I am one of those unfortunate persons that catch cold easily, and never can recognize how, when or why I have done so. Can you advise me how to avoid these distressing attacks? We are under so many obligations to you that we cannot express our gratitude in words.—Mrs. B. C.

White wine vinegar is just the same as pure cider vinegar, except that it has been clarified, and perhaps may be a trifle stronger, unless it has been reduced by the addition of too much water. The cider vinegar is just as valuable and effective for your purpose. An excellent practice for the purpose of enabling you to avoid catching cold would be to take a cold hand bath every morning before dressing. A good way to prepare for this is to have a large bowl of water in your room—that is, if a bathroom is not convenient—and as soon as you get out of bed, remove the sleeping robe, and with the hands only wash the entire body, the same as you usually wash your face, drying briskly with a Turkish towel. At first the cold water may not be very agreeable to you, but after a week or so of this practice you will enjoy it very much. After dressing a person who takes a bath in this way should engage in some light and active exercise, or occupation, but should never, under any circumstances, no matter how warm the weather might be, sit down or stand idly about. In a short time you will much more readily resist the tendency to catch cold.

All readers of this publication are at liberty to inquire for any information pertaining to the subject of health. Address all communications to the Home Health Club, or Dr. David H. Reeder, Laporte, Ind., with name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

### LABELS ON LUGGAGE.

Plastered on by Vain and Silly Persons to Create an Impression.

Gay with labels were the man's kit bag and trunk—labels of London, Paris, Shanghai, Bangkok. Here a long blue label said "Naples." Here a red one said "Berlin." The luggage was a veritable patchwork quilt. Regarding it, a man sneered:

"That chap begged, borrowed or stole those labels, and pasted them on himself," he said. "Whenever you see luggage so beplastered, rest assured that its owner, a vain and silly person, made a fool of himself in the beplastering."

"Consider what labels are for. They are guides; they tell the trainmen where the luggage is to go—to London, or Paris, or Vienna, as the case may be. For on the other side, you see, they don't use the check system in transportation. The luggage's label is the only guide to its destination."

"Hence, every new label is pasted on top of the old ones by the trainmen. If a trunk were covered over with labels for Vienna, for Stockholm, for Moscow and so on, how would the trainmen know where to send it? The trunk, on each trip, gets a new label, and this label is either pasted on the old ones or the old ones are torn off, or scratched out."

### How It Happened.

Gladys—Have you and Dick quarreled?

Esmeralda—Yes; it's all over between us. I met an old beau of mine the other day, and he said, "Emmy, you're as pretty as a peach, as you always were." Now, you know I don't think I'm a beauty, but when I told the story to Dick I thought he ought to show some appreciation of it, but all he said was, "Well, you look beautiful to me, anyway," and that was a little more than I could stand.—Chicago Tribune.

### Both Affected.

Mother (sternly)—As I passed the parlor last night I actually saw that young man kiss you! I was rendered speechless.

Daughter—So was I, ma, I couldn't do anything but sigh.—Chicago Daily News.

### Jefferson's Fine Compliment.

"You replace Dr. Franklin," said the Count de Vergennes to Jefferson when they first met. "I succeed, no one can replace him," said the newly appointed minister to France.

"The Man on the Box," the new serial, starts today. Read it.

## POWER OF ELECTRICITY

Edison Tells How It Will Revolutionize Human Affairs.

### ANOTHER GREAT EPOCH DAWNING

Famous Inventor Predicts Production of Electric Power Direct From Coal Without Aid of Steam—Power Houses of Future Will Be Built at Mines and Their Product Transmitted by Copper Wires.

In the opinion of Thomas A. Edison, the famous inventor, wonders are yet to be unfolded in the world of electricity. In a recent interview with James Creelman, the New York World's correspondent, he said in part:

"We are groping on the verge of another great epoch in the world's history. It would not surprise me any morning to wake up and learn that some one, some group of the 300,000 scientific men who are investigating all over the earth, has seized upon the secret of electricity by direct process and begun another practical revolution in human affairs."

"It can be done. It will be done. I expect to see it before I die."

"The first great change in the production of electricity will abolish carrying coal for that purpose. Instead of digging gross material out of the earth, loading it on cars and carrying it, say, 500 miles, there to put it under a boiler and burn it so get power, we shall set up plants at the mouths of mines, generate power there and transmit it wherever it is needed by copper wire."

"It is preposterous to keep on putting coal mines on wheels. It is too clumsy. It is too costly. There is no necessity for it. It is easier to carry molecular vibration by millions of waves a second than freight cars full of crude matter. We can ship 100,000 horsepower over the wire quicker and more economically than we can send the equivalent in coal over a railroad track."

"We must eliminate the railroad altogether from this problem. What's the use of it? We don't want coal any more. It does us no good to look at it. What we want is the resultant of the utmost energy that can be produced. And there is no sense in carrying around millions of tons of raw material like coal when we can get a product delivered to us by wire."

"Everything points to the fact that in the near future electricity will be produced for general consumption by great power houses at the mouths of coal pits. That is the logical and common sense outcome of present events."

"Now, the truth is that it will cost a third less to transport electrical power by wire than to carry it in the form of coal in railroad cars. Assume the price of coal to be \$1 at the mouth of a mine and assume the freight to be \$1.00. Now, we can turn coal into electricity at the mine and convey it by wire for less than half of the cost of the freightage of coal."

"So, in years to come, the great electric power plants will be set up in the coal fields. Electric power will largely do away with steam power. Electric light will become cheaper than gas light. I believe firmly that all great trunk railroad lines will go to electricity inside of fifteen years. I don't mean simply passenger traffic, but heavy freight traffic also."

"Electricity will take the place of horses. It will solve the vehicle and traffic problem of cities. My new electric storage battery itself will make electricity cheaper than horses. In the spring we will be ready to furnish new batteries. Not only will they take half the space of horse traffic, but they will go twice as fast. They can be stored on upper floors by means of elevators. The saving of stable space in New York will cover at least \$200,000,000 worth of property."

"Not only will electric power be developed and distributed from coal mines in the future, but all the water power in the world will be used for the production of electricity. That movement has begun and is advancing rapidly. In California, where men have nerve enough to overcome habit, they are transmitting electric power 275 miles by wire and running street cars and lighting cities by it. That is the sort of spirit that will wake the world up one of these days. I wish that spirit in California would spread everywhere."

"From a practical standpoint the most tremendous thing in the problem of electricity is the fact that we only get about 15 per cent of the energy of the coal we burn. Eighty-five per cent goes up the chimney. Now, if we could find a way to get the energy out of the coal by some direct process without wasting 85 per cent of it, the result would be that it would so multiply and so cheapen electric power as to inaugurate a new epoch in the history of the world."

"When that discovery is made the steam engine will be driven out of use. It will then be possible to have airships. I expect to see airships flying before my death. I do not think that they will fly very high, but they will be able to go a little higher than the trees and buildings. Such a discovery will make it possible to drive ships across the sea by electricity at the rate of forty or fifty miles an hour—three days across the Atlantic from shore to shore. Why, power will be so cheap and so easily distributed that a multitude of new industries—impossible now because of the cost of labor—will spring into existence."

"The human race may well look forward with hope toward the day in which the discovery will be announced, for after that the world will be greatly transformed."

"The Man on the Box," the opening chapter of which is found elsewhere in this paper, is a romance in Washington circles. Read it. You'll be surprised to find how good it is.

# J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

## ANOTHER SALE IN SIGHT

# REMNANT AND ODD LOT SALE

4 Days--Wednesday, Jan. 31; Thursday, Feb. 1; Friday, Feb. 2; Saturday, Feb. 3.

ALL hands are busy getting ready for it-- It's an important sale; fully as important from a money standpoint as the big sale just ended. There's to be a routing out of Remnants, Odd Lots, Broken assortments and left overs of all sorts. This sale will only last four days, but while it does last it will be a good one, for we're in a hurry to get to stock taking.

### Short Lengths and Odd Lots of Dress Goods and Silks

All measured and marked for quick selling.—Waist lengths, skirt lengths, suit lengths, and the prices will pleasantly surprise you.

### Stylish Tailor-Made Suits

Don't think such a suit chance as this will come your way again in a hurry. Sharp's the word.

### A Clean Up of Women's Garments

If you've waited to make an extra saving on your Coat, that saving can be made now.

### Odd Lots of Other Goods

Goods from many departments will be marked at tempting figures.

The yellow tag sale was the greatest we have ever had, and people thoroughly satisfied. We had a lively seven days of it, and the quantity of merchandise disposed of was something large. Bargains had full swing and the interest kept up unabated. It was a success.

### WHEN THE DAY WAS WARM.

Pretty Girl Came Near Telling How Hot It Was and Young Man Helped.

It was on one of those hot days lately. The cashier of a big downtown office felt very hot and testy in her iron cage. She is a very pretty girl, relates the Chicago Record-Herald, with fluffy brown hair, which was being blown about in a most tantalizing manner by an electric fan near by.

"A jauntily dressed young fellow stepped to the window to pay a bill. He had a handsome, mischievous face, and one could easily judge that he saw the funny side of life. The cashier handed him a receipt, and as he folded it he said confidently to the pretty cashier: 'This is a very hot day.'"

"Oh, yes, it is hotter than —" and before she could supply a strong enough superlative with which to climax her sentence, the young man said: 'You are right, I thought so, too. Then with a hearty ha, ha, ha!' he was gone."

The girl straightened up in her chair and mused with rising indignation. "What did he mean? Did the brute think I would have mentioned that infernal region? Oh, well, it is almost as hot as there, I guess." And she settled down in her chair again and sighed complacently as she deftly tucked a stray lock of hair back to its proper position.

### With the Minstrels.

Mr. Tambo—Do you mean to tell me, Mr. Bones, that that ignorant gentleman to whom we were talking is a host in himself?

Mr. Bones—Yes, sah. Appearances are mighty deceivin' sah.

Mr. Tambo—But what did he ever do? Why is he a host in himself?

Mr. Bones—Dat gen'man am a host in himself, Mistah Tambo, becuz he am de landlord of de leadin' hotel in Pucker Brush.

Mr. Tambo—Ladies and gentlemen, with your kind permission Mr. Highcollar will now sing 'My Girl's Name Is Miss Toober and She's My Sweet Potato.'—Detroit Tribune.

### Little-Known Earl.

The twelfth earl of Derby is unknown to the readers of the ordinary history book. Lovers of art know him vaguely as the peer who married the pretty and popular actress, Eliza Farnen, whom the young Lawrence painted so brilliantly. But the earl had his revenge when all the world and his wife flocked to Epsom to see the race for the derby stakes. For that race, in its institution in 1780, was named after the jovial young peer who was one of the leading patrons of the Georgian turf.—London Chronicle.

### Lying Seldom Profitable.

Just when and where and how to tell a lie that is better than the truth is an inspired possibility that is hardly probable.—John A. Rowland.

## THE HOUSE OF

# GOOD FORTUNE

HAS A THOUSAND DOORS---and 999 of Them Are EXITS!

The one entrance-door is always locked, and the bell is out of order. The folks inside are too busy to answer a rap on the door—they are not "receiving company" and are not hospitable to strangers.

To obtain admission, after you have located the door, you must have a latch-key that will fit the lock. These keys may be had—if you know how and where to look. The old lock-smith, "Rich Relation," bequeaths a key to some one now and then; and the eccentric "unexpected wind-fall" throws a key into the crowd occasionally.

However, on Enterprise street, near the corner of Business Rustie, this lock-smith makes keys for the House of Good Fortune. They are not cheap, but any energetic business man may afford the price. Usually the order has to be placed sometime in advance of the delivery of the key—and it's "first come, first served." The lock-smith's name is "Publicity."

Detailed Information About Gazette Publicity for the Asking.